SBI CLERK

TEST SERIES

DATE- __/__/__

DAY- _____

INSTRUCTION FOR CANDIDATE

TEST SERIES NO.

SG Set 07

QUESTION- 100   MARKS- 100   NEGATIVE MARK- 0.25   DURATION- 60 MIN.

1. Use only ball pens with black or blue ink
2. As soon as the examination starts, you must check this question booklet and if there is any unprinted, mutilated or partially printed page or question in it, then replace it with the correct question booklet through the examiner.
3. There are a total of 100 questions in this question booklet.
4. This is an objective test, in which four options are given for the answer to each question, you have to choose only one option with the correct answer out of these four options.
5. Answers to all questions are to be written on separate answer sheets.

6. Instructions for filling the answer sheet are written on the back side of the answer sheet, read them carefully before filling the answer sheet.
7. Blank pages are available in this question booklet for rough work.
8. Candidates cannot leave the room before the end of the examination.
9. After the examination is over, you can go out only with his permission after submitting the ORIGINAL COPY of the answer sheet to the invigilator.
10. After the completion of the examination, the candidate is allowed to take the question booklet and answer sheet with him/her.
11. 1 marks will be given for each correct answer and 0.25 marks will be deducted for each wrong answer.

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English Language

Directions (Q.Nos. 1-8) Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it. Certain words are printed in bold to help you to locate them while, answering some of the questions.

In the town, where Abhiram painted pictures of gods and goddesses, everyone knew him only as a stranger, who had always painted pictures for a living. No one knew him or his past. He would think. "I was once wealthy but it's all gone now and in a way it is for the better. I meditate on various forms of God all day long now, my bread and butter comes from that. I also place His image in all the houses. Noone can take away the respect and goodwill this earns me." One day the royal Minister passed away. The King employed a new Minister from a foreing land. The whole town was abuzz with the news but that day Abhiram's fingers stilled to a halt. Abhiram's father had adopted an orphan boy, whom he raised and trusted more than his own son, Abhiram. But the boy had turned traitor and had stolen the old man's fortune from him. The very same man had now come to the new kingdom as the new Minister. The room where Abhiram painted was also his puja room. He went in, folded his hands and queried, "Is this why I have spent so many years meditating on You through every colour, every line? Is this how you reward me - with such an insult?"

The chariot pageant was coming up. At the fairgrounds many people from different lands thronged to buy Abhiram's pictures. In that throng, there was a little buy watched over by servants. He picked out one picture. Abhiram turned to the child's attendant and asked, "Who is this boy'?" He replied, "The only son of our royal Minister." Abhiram covered his paintings with a cloth and said, "I will not sell my pictures," which only made the child want the picture even more. He came home and sulked in the corner and refused to eat. The Minister sent a bagful of coins for Abhiram, but the bag came back to the Minister untouched. The Minister said to himself, "What audacity!" The more he was pestered, the more dogged was Abhiram's refusal and he thought, "This is my victory."

Every morning the first thing Abhiram did was to paint a picture of his own beloved deity. This was the only form of worship known to him. One day, he realized the painting wasn't to his satisfaction. Something looked different. It wasn't looking right. He felt tormented. As the days passed, the subtle difference became more apparent until one day Abhiram looked up, startled by the realization   he could see it clearly now - the face of his God was beginning to look more and more like the Minister. He hurled his brush to the ground and said, "So the Minister wins!" That same day he took the painting to the Minister and said, "Here is the

picture, give it to your son." The Minister asked, "How much?" Abhiram said, "You robbed me of my devotion to God I shall gain it back by gifting you this picture " The Minister had no idea what he was talking about.

1). Which of the following cannot be said about Abhiram?

A. Abhiram used to meditate and pray every morning that God would make him prosperous.

B. Abhiram refused to sell the painting to the little boy because the boy did not speak to him politely.

C. Abhiram had been a businessman in the past.

(a) All A, B, C   **(b)** A and C   **(c)** Only B   **(d)** B and C

(e) None of these

---

2). Why did Abhiram paint a picture of one particular deity every morning?

(a) His paintings of this particular deity were very popular and he sold many of them

(b) He kept trying to paint the picture well but he never succeeded

(c) In memory of his father, who had great devotion for the deity

(d) It was his way of praying   **(e)** None of the above

---

3). Why did Abhiram refuse to accept the money that the Minister sent him?

A. He wanted the Minister to give him more money in person.

B. He had a grudge against the Minister and wanted to punish him.

C. He was angry because the Minister did not recognize and acknowledge him as a brother.

(a) Only B   **(b)** Only A   **(c)** Only C   **(d)** A and C

(e) None of these

---

4). Why did the Minister send a bagful of gold to Abhiram's house?

(a) As penance for taking Abhiram's rightful share of their father's property

(b) He admired artists and wanted to pay his respects to Abhiram

(c) As a bribe to ensure that Abhiram would keep their past a secret

(d) He wanted to purchase a painting that his son was determined to have

(e) As payment for the portraits that he wanted Abhiram to paint

5). Why was Abhiram disappointed with his most recent painting?

(a) Despite his best efforts, he could not get the painting to resemble the Minister

(b) Attention to details which made his paintings so popular was missing

(c) Instead of resembling, a replica of a deity, the painting looked like a portrait of the Minister

(d) Since, he was unable to paint the lighting effects properly, the deity did not look lifelike in the portrait

(e) There was nothing wrong with the painting, Abhiram was a perfectionist

6). What was Abhiram's first reaction when, he heard about the appointment of the new Royal Minister?

(a) He decided not to sell his paintings at the chariot pageant

(b) He stopped praying because he believed that God had abandoned him

(c) He gave up his career as an artist

(d) He asked God to punish the Minister

(e) None of the above

7). Choose the word which is most nearly the SAME in meaning as the word given in bold as used in the passage

Audacity

(a) Courage **(b)** Fear **(c)** Insult **(d)** Rudeness

(e) Adventure

8). Choose the word which is most nearly the SAME in meaning as the word given in bold as used in the passage

Idea

(a) Image **(b)** Understanding **(c)** Design **(d)** Plan

(e) Example

9). The plan broke open for want of funds.

(a) broke up **(b)** broke down **(c)** broke out

(d) broke upon **(e)** No correction required

10). Is there any place for me to sit?

(a) space **(b)** room **(c)** area **(d)** seat

(e) No correction required

11). It is time the six year old is learning how to read and write.

(a) has learned **(b)** learnt **(c)** was learning

(d) will learn **(e)** No correction required

12). He plays cricket and tennis also.

(a) both **(b)** besides **(c)** too **(d)** as well

(e) No correction required

13). One of their freighters, the Neptune, will leave in two weeks.

(a) would leave **(b)** will be leaving

(c) would have left **(d)** would be left

(e) No correction required

14).
Such an act of cruelty (1)/ had never (2)/ be committed (3)/ before. (4)/ No error (5)

(a) 1 **(b)** 2 **(c)** 3 **(d)** 4 **(e)** 5

15). The girl said (1)/ that she preferred (2)/ the blue gown (3)/ than the black one. (4)/ No error (5)

(a) 1 **(b)** 2 **(c)** 3 **(d)** 4 **(e)** 5

16). Being a very cold day (1)/ I would (2)/ not go out for (3)/ a morning walk. (4)/ No error (5)

(a) 1 **(b)** 2 **(c)** 3 **(d)** 4 **(e)** 5

17). The principle that (1)/ a pen is mightier (2)/ then a sword (3)/ was known to early Greeks. (4)/ No error (5)

(a) 1 **(b)** 2 **(c)** 3 **(d)** 4 **(e)** 5

18). During the course of the exhibition, (1)/ the old man who was (2)/ looking usually cheerful (3)/ kept on take notes.(4)/ No error (5)

(a) 1 **(b)** 2 **(c)** 3 **(d)** 4 **(e)** 5

Directions (Q. No. 19-21) In each question below, a sentence with four words printed in bold type is given. These are numbered as (a), (b), (c), and (d). One of these four words printed in bold may be either wrongly spelt or inappropriate in the context of the sentence. Find out the word which is either wrongly spelt or inappropriate if any. The number of that word is your answer. If all the words printed in bold are correctly spelt and also appropriate in the context of the sentence, mark (5) i.e., 'All correct, as your answer.

19).
Their sole (1) concern (2) was how they could assisst (3) their colleague in this hour of crisis. (4) All correct (5)

(a) 1 **(b)** 2 **(c)** 3 **(d)** 4 **(e)** 5

---

20). We shall be disabled (1) to justify (2) this excess (3) expenditure. (4) All correct (5)

(a) 1 **(b)** 2 **(c)** 3 **(d)** 4 **(e)** 5

---

21). The lease on these premises (1) has expired (2) and we have incured (3) significant debt. (4) All correct (5)

(a) 1 **(b)** 2 **(c)** 3 **(d)** 4 **(e)** 5

Direction (Q. No. 22-25) Rearrange the following six sentences (A), (B), (C), (D), (E) and (F) in the proper sequence to form a meaningful paragraph; then answer the questions given below them.

A. When they returned home from the trip his father asked him, "How was the trip? Did you see how the poor live?"

B. "So thank you for showing me how poor we are!"

C. When the boy had finished the man realized that everything depends on how we look at things.

D. As they drove through the poor sections of the city the boy looked around him observing everything.

E. One day a wealthy man took his son for a trip to show him how the poor lived and to make him appreciate their family wealth.

F. "Yes", he replied, "I saw that while we have one dog, they have several and while we have a small pool to appreciate, they have the river."

22).
Which of the following is the SIXTH (LAST) sentence after rearrangement?

(a) B **(b)** C **(c)** D **(d)** E **(e)** F

23). Which of the following is the FIFTH sentence after rearrangement?

(a) B **(b)** C **(c)** D **(d)** E **(e)** F

---

24). Which of the following is the SECOND sentence after rearrangement?

(a) A **(b)** B **(c)** C **(d)** D **(e)** E

---

25). Which of the following is the FIRST sentence after rearrangement?

(a) A **(b)** B **(c)** C **(d)** D **(e)** E

Directions (Q. No. 26-30) In the following passage there are blanks each of which has been numbered. These numbers are printed below the passage and against each, five words are suggested, one of which fits the blank appropriately. Find out the appropriate word in each case.

Recently I visited Moscow, a Russian city ...(26)... many war memorials. There is a huge park in Russia known as Peace Park. In the middle of the park ...(27)... a pillar on which the different battles fought by the Russians have been mentioned along-with the names and the places. As I was standing under a tree my eyes fell on a young couple who had just been married. I started wondering ...(28)... they had come to this monument on their wedding day. They walked up to the monument, laid down a bouquet, bowed their heads in silence and walked away. I was .. (29)... to know what was going on, so I asked the tourist guide. "Oh, it is a custom in Russia;' he said. "Every couple must visit an important national monument nearby on their wedding day. It is a mark of gratitude. Our forefathers have ... (30)... so much for the country.

26).
(a) has **(b)** built **(c)** with **(d)** erected
(e) dedicated

---

27).
(a) seen **(b)** stands **(c)** placed **(d)** located
(e) constructed

---

28).
(a) if **(b)** where **(c)** about **(d)** why **(e)** what

---

29).
(a) disappointed **(b)** surprised **(c)** curious
(d) puzzled **(e)** hasty

---

30).

(a) sacrificed   (b) abandoned   (c) gave

(d) surrender   (e) honoured

Numerical Ability

1).

$\sqrt[3]{19683} \times \sqrt{13456} \div \sqrt[3]{729} + \frac{3}{5}$ of $545 = ? - (21 \times 84)$

(a) 2439   (b) 2450   (c) 2446   (d) 2435   (e) 2430

2).

56% of 44% of $750 + 23\frac{3}{7}$ of $154 = ? + 193$

(a) 5270 (b) 5263 (c) 5274 (d) 5260

(e) 5256

3).

$\sqrt{\sqrt{12^2 + 32 \times 8} + 8.8 \times 5} + 53^2 = ?^2 - 13 \times 16$

(a) 52 (b) 55 (c) 58 (d) 61 (e) 59

4).

35% of $12020 \div 0.7 + 2910 - (13^2 \times 56) = ?$

(a) -533 (b) -540 (c) -544

(d) -587 (e) -574

5).

$\frac{11}{13}$ of $1638 + 2\frac{1}{9}$ of $1404 + \frac{8}{17}$ of $1513 = ? - (2736 \div 18)$

(a) 5225   (b) 5224   (c) 5220   (d) 5201   (e) 5214

6).

$\sqrt{11664} \times 39 + 79.5 \times 2.2 - \frac{4}{15}$ of $1725 = ? + 889$

(a) 3037.9 (b) 2729.4   (c) 2928.25

(d) 2975.45 (e) 2956.14

7).

39% of $\frac{11}{13}$ of 24% of $2375 = ? - 1549$

(a) 1723.6   (b) 1750.8   (c) 1730.3   (d) 1737.1

(e) 1734.5

8). $\sqrt{?} = (493 \times 8 \div 29) - (17 \div .5)$

(a) 10415   (b) 10410   (c) 10380   (d) 10400

(e) 10404

9).

72% of $875 + \frac{1}{13}$ of $3510 = ?^3 - 431$

(a) 16 (b) 15 (c) 7 (d) 11 (e) 8

10).

$\sqrt{33 \times 1120} \div 28 + 11.2 \times 25 \times 24 = ?^2 + 17 \times 7$

(a) 35   (b) 29   (c) 24   (d) 27   (e) 31

11).

$29.04 \times 125.91 \div 14.10 + (83.02)^2 = ? + (435.08 \div 14.91)$

(a) 7208   (b) 7222   (c) 7078   (d) 7121   (e) 7056

12).

32% of $1839.88 + \frac{19}{23}$ of $782 + \sqrt{1525} = ? + (14 \times 27.02)$

(a) 945   (b) 936   (c) 856   (d) 842   (e) 896

13).

$7200 \div 59 \times 24 + (212 \times \sqrt{63.91}) - (239 \times \sqrt{170}) = ? + 89.93$

(a) 1387   (b) 1427   (c) 1356   (d) 1489   (e) 1492

14).

48% of $15430 + 69\%$ of $42117 - 27\%$ of $11480 = ?$

(a) 33275   (b) 33297   (c) 33388   (d) 33397

(e) 33336

15).

$\sqrt{2305} + \sqrt{7225} \times 83.87 - (97.10)^2 = ? - (23.02)^2 - 1782$

(a) 90   (b) 46   (c) 40   (d) 125   (e) 140

16). 333, 168, ?, 257.5, 518, 1298.5

(a) 170   (b) 168   (c) 169   (d) 172   (e) 175

17). 32, ?, 54, 135, 476, 2255

(a) 30   (b) 31   (c) 35   (d) 39   (e) 33

18). 24, 24, ?, 156, 636, 3200

(a) 55   (b) 52   (c) 50   (d) 56   (e) 53

19). 168, 280, ?, 504, 616, 728

(a) 390   (b) 395   (c) 394   (d) 392   (e) 391

---

20). 112, 121, 157, 238, ?, 607

(a) 382   (b) 385   (c) 380   (d) 379   (e) 384

---

21). If the circumference of a circle is 220m then what will be the area of a circle?

(a) $3845m^2$ (b) $3853m^2$ (c) $3855m^2$

(d) $3848m^2$ (e) $3850m^2$

---

22). The difference between C.I and S.I. on a certain sum at 19%p.a. for 2 years is Rs. 1559.52. Find the sum?

(a) $Rs.\,43,180$ (b) $Rs.\,43,100$

(c) $Rs.\,43,250$ (d) $Rs.\,43,200$

(e) $Rs.\,43,300$

---

23). A car travelling at a speed of 126kmph catches another car travelling in the same direction and then leaves it 300m behind in 30 seconds. What is the speed of the second car in km/h?

(a) 85kmph   (b) 90kmph   (c) 88kmph   (d) 93kmph

(e) 94kmph

---

24). Two pipes can fill an empty tank separately in 9 minutes and 15 minutes respectively and a third pipe can empty 35litres water per minute. If all three pipes are opened together then the tank becomes full in 45 minutes. What is the capacity of the tank?

(a) 235litres   (b) 240litres   (c) 250litres

(d) 225litres   (e) 220litres

---

25). The average of four consecutive odd numbers W, X, Y, Z is 54. What is the sum of X, Y and Z?

(a) 168   (b) 172   (c) 170   (d) 165   (e) 160

---

26). The marked price of an article is Rs. 6,000. It is to be sold at Rs. 4428 at two successive discounts. If the first discount is 18%, then the second discount is:

(a) 7%   (b) 15%   (c) 9%   (d) 12%   (e) 10%

---

27). What is the least number to be subtracted to 2306 to make it a perfect square?

(a) 4   (b) 5   (c) 2   (d) 3   (e) 6

---

28). Gaurav and Tannu together can complete a work in 18 days. Tannu can complete the same work in 54 days. How many days will Gaurav take to complete the same work?

(a) $25 days$ (b) $27\ days$ (c) $32 days$

(d) $30\ days$ (e) $35\ days$

---

29). In how many different ways can the letter of word "ARTICHOKE" be arranged.
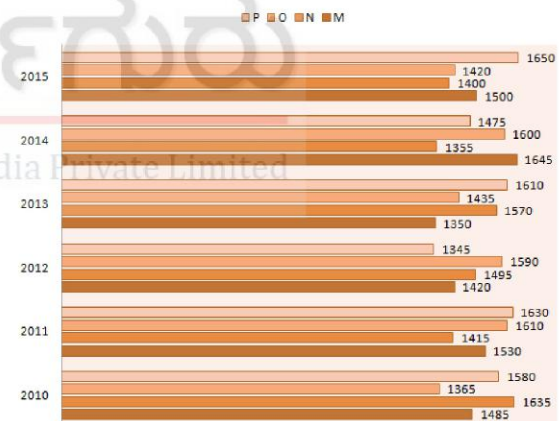
(a) 3628800   (b) 5040   (c) 720   (d) 362880

(e) 2520

---

30). A bag contains 9 yellow, 7 red and 6 black balls. If 5 balls are drawn at random. What is the probability that none is black?

(a) $\dfrac{628}{4389}$ (b) $\dfrac{722}{4389}$ (c) $\dfrac{728}{4389}$ (d) $\dfrac{731}{4389}$

(e) $\dfrac{728}{4387}$

Directions for Questions 31 – 35: Study the following Bar Chart carefully to answer the given questions.

Data related number of male employees working in four different companies over the year

31). What is the percentage increase in number of male employees working in company P in 2011 as compared to the previous year?

(a) 7.25%   (b) 4.35%   (c) 6.14%   (d) 3.16%

(e) 5.21%

---

32). Number of male employees working in company N and O together in 2013 is what percent of number of male employees working in company M in 2010, 2011 and 2012 together?

(a) 70.89%   (b) 67.76%   (c) 60.12%   (d) 65.36%

(e) 59.75%

---

33). What is the difference between number of male employees working in company P in 2010, 2011 and 2015 together and number of male employees working in company M, N and O together in 2013?

(a) 510 (b) 507 (c) 509 (d) 505
(e) 500

---

34). Number of male employees working in company M and P together in 2014 is what percent of number of employees working in company O in 2011, 2012 and 2014 together?

(a) 62% (b) 61% (c) 69% (d) 65%
(e) 60%

---

35). What is the approximately percentage decrease in number of employees working in company M in 2015 as compared to the previous year?

(a) 14% (b) 15% (c) 8% (d) 13% (e) 10%

Reasoning Ability

Directions for Questions 1 – 3: Study the following information carefully and answer the question given below:

In a certain code ' Mango is king of fruit' is written as 'la, pe, ni, ta, fe', 'Fruit gives us energy' is written as 'zi, fe, ti, me', 'Energy is good for all is written as 'pe, ti, qe, na, yi','All loves mango fruit 'is written as 'ae, yi, la, fe'.

1). What is the code for 'Fruit'?

(a) fe (b) pe (c) zi (d) me (e) ni

2). What is the code for 'Energy'?

(a) me (b) ti (c) na (d) qe (e) zi

3). What is the code for 'Mango'?

(a) ta (b) ni (c) yi (d) la (e) pe

---

4). In a certain code language, "CARROT" is coded as " DCUSQW". In the same code language, "BANANA" will be coded as "........"?

(a) CCQBPD (b) CDQBOD (c) CCQBOD
(d) CDQBPD (e) None of these

---

5). How many such pairs of letters are there in the word 'ROHAN' each of which has as many letters between them in the word (in both forward and backward direction) as they have between them in English alphabetical series:

(a) Two (b) One (c) Four (d) Three
(e) None of these

Directions for Questions 6 – 10: In each of the following questions, assuming the given statement to be true, find which of the following two conclusion I and II is/ are definitely true. Give answer:

6). Statements - A ≥ Z < U ≤ B = F > E

Conclusion I -Z < F

Conclusion II - A ≥ B

(a) If only conclusion I is true.
(b) If only conclusion II is true.
(c) If either I or II is true. (d) If neither I nor II is true.
(e) If both I and II are true

---

7). Statements - E < F ≤ U = V < A ≥ B

Conclusion I - F≤ B

Conclusion II - E < A

(a) If only conclusion I is true.
(b) If only conclusion II is true.
(c) If either I or II is true. (d) if neither I nor II is true.
(e) If both I and II are true

---

8). Statements - J > K > L, D ≤ E = L > M > N

Conclusion I - J > D

Conclusion II - N < K

(a) If only conclusion I is true.
(b) If only conclusion II is true.
(c) If either I or II is true. (d) If neither I nor II is true.
(e) If both I and II are true

---

9). Statements - P ≤ R = A ≤ S ≤ B ≥ E

Conclusion I -P < B

Conclusion II - P = B

(a) If only conclusion I is true.
(b) If only conclusion II is true.
(c) If either I or II is true. (d) If neither I nor II is true.
(e) If both I and II are true

---

10). Statements - U ≥ V > X, A ≥ B ≥ V > Y

Conclusion I - U ≥ A

Conclusion II - X < Y

(a) If only conclusion I is true.
(b) If only conclusion II is true.

(c) If either I or II is true.   **(d)** If neither I nor II is true.

(e) If both I and II are true

Nine persons A, B, E, F, J, K, M, N and P are sitting around a circular table facing at the centre. P is second to the left of F who is fourth to the left of E. E is third to the right of B who is second to the right of J. A is an immediate right of N. B is an immediate left of M.

11). Who is second to the right of K?

(a) P   **(b)** A   **(c)** N   **(d)** E   **(e)** None of these

12). Who is fifth to the left of A?

(a) B   **(b)** F   **(c)** J   **(d)** M   **(e)** K

13). Who among the following is an immediate neighbour of J?

(a) A, F   **(b)** F, M   **(c)** P, B   **(d)** P, F

(e) None of these

14). Who among the following sits fourth to the right of N?

(a) J   **(b)** F   **(c)** P   **(d)** B   **(e)** None of these

15). What is F's position with respect to K?

(a) Immediate left   **(b)** Third to the left

(c) Third to the right   **(d)** Fourth to the left

(e) Second to the right

Nine persons A, B, E, F, J, K, M, N and P are seated in a straight line facing north. P is third to the left of B and is third to the right of A. Neither A nor B sits at the extreme ends of line. B is fourth to the right of M who is third to the right of N. K is an immediate left of E who is second to the left of J.

16). Who is second to the left of F?

(a) N   **(b)** A   **(c)** M   **(d)** K   **(e)** B

17). Which of the following pairs represents person seated at the two extreme ends of the line?

(a) N, E   **(b)** N, J   **(c)** J, F   **(d)** E, F

(e) None of these

18). Who is fourth to the left of K?

(a) N   **(b)** F   **(c)** A   **(d)** M   **(e)** None of these

19). Who is fourth to the right of P?

(a) K   **(b)** N   **(c)** F   **(d)** J   **(e)** M

20). How many people are seated between A and E?

(a) One   **(b)** Two   **(c)** Three   **(d)** Five   **(e)** Four

21). Statements -

I- Some potato are onion.

II- All onion are carrot.

III- All carrot are grapes.

Conclusions -

I - Some potato are grapes.

II - All grapes are onion.

(a) If only conclusion I follows.

(b) If only conclusion II follows.

(c) If either conclusion I or II follows.

(d) If neither conclusion I nor II follows.

(e) If both conclusions I and II follows.

22). Statements -

I- Some pencil are pen.

II- Some pen are eraser.

III- All eraser are file.

Conclusions -

I - Some pencil are eraser.

II - Some file are pencil.

(a) If only conclusion I follows.

(b) If only conclusion II follows.

(c) If either conclusion I or II follows.

(d) If neither conclusion I nor II follows.

(e) If both conclusions I and II follows.

23). Statements -

I- All bat are ball.

II- All ball are hockey.

III- All hockey are javelin.

Conclusions -

I - Some bat are hockey.

II - Some javelin are ball.

(a) If only conclusion I follows.

(b) If only conclusion II follows.

(c) If either conclusion I or II follows.

(d) If neither conclusion I nor II follows.

(e) If both conclusions I and II follows.

---

24). Statements -

I- No tennis are hockey.

II- All hockey are badminton.

III- All badminton are carrom.

Conclusions -

I - Some tennis are carrom.

II - Some hockey are carrom.

(a) If only conclusion I follows.

(b) If only conclusion II follows.

(c) If either conclusion I or II follows.

(d) If neither conclusion I nor II follows.

(e) If both conclusions I and II follows

---

25). Statements -

I- Some potato are onion.

II- Some onion are carrot.

III- Some carrot are grapes.

Conclusions -

I - Some onion are grapes

II - No onion is grapes.

(a) If only conclusion I follows.

(b) If only conclusion II follows.

(c) If either conclusion I or II follows.

(d) If neither conclusion I nor II follows.

(e) If both conclusions I and II follows.

Directions for Questions 26 – 30: Read the following passage carefully and the question given below it -

Nine persons E, F, J, K, M, N, P, U and V live on separate floor of an 9 floor building, But not necessarily in the same order. Ground floor is numbered 1, first floor is numbered 2 and so on until the topmost floor is numbered 9. J lives on third floor. Only two person lives between E and N.

U lives on immediately above P. J lives on immediately below N. V lives on lowermost floor. P does not live on an odd numbered floor. F lives on immediately below K.

26). Who lives on the floor immediately below E?

(a) K   **(b)** P   **(c)** M   **(d)** V   **(e)** None of these

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27). How many person lives between the floor on which U and K live?

(a) One   **(b)** Two   **(c)** Three   **(d)** Four   **(e)** Five

---

28). Who among the following lives on floor number 2?

(a) K   **(b)** F   **(c)** M   **(d)** U   **(e)** P

---

29). Who among the following lives on floor number 8?

(a) U   **(b)** P   **(c)** K   **(d)** F   **(e)** None of these

---

30). Who lives on the floor immediately above M?

(a) E   **(b)** F   **(c)** P   **(d)** J   **(e)** None of these

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Directions for Questions 31 – 35: Study the following arrangement carefully and the question given below:

R, X, Z, A, 1, B, #, G, J, K, M, O, 5, H, C, $, D, T, U, 0, V, W, &, @, ^, P, Q, Y, 6, F, S, +, L, -, 3, 8, /, E

31). How many such symbols are there in the above arrangement each of which is immediately preceded by a consonant and also immediately followed by a consonant?

(a) One   **(b)** Two   **(c)** Three   **(d)** Four   **(e)** Five

---

32). Which of the following is fifteen to the left oftwenty-five from the left end?

(a) G   **(b)** K   **(c)** J   **(d)** M   **(e)** O

---

33). What will come place in question mark (?) in the following series based on the above arrangement?

RAB, JOH, D0W, ?

(a) ^YF   **(b)** PQF   **(c)** PYF   **(d)** P6F

(e) None of these

---

34). Which of the following is ninth to the right of tenth from the left end?

(a) $ **(b)** D   **(c)** T   **(d)** U   **(e)** None of these

(a) #   **(b)** G   **(c)** J   **(d)** K   **(e)** M

35). If all vowels are dropped from the above arrangement, which of the following will be tenth