SBI CLERK

TEST SERIES

DATE- __/__/__

DAY- _____

INSTRUCTION FOR CANDIDATE

TEST SERIES NO.

SG Set 04

QUESTION- 100   MARKS- 100   NEGATIVE MARK- 0.25   DURATION- 60 MIN.

1. Use only ball pens with black or blue ink
2. As soon as the examination starts, you must check this question booklet and if there is any unprinted, mutilated or partially printed page or question in it, then replace it with the correct question booklet through the examiner.
3. There are a total of 100 questions in this question booklet.
4. This is an objective test, in which four options are given for the answer to each question, you have to choose only one option with the correct answer out of these four options.
5. Answers to all questions are to be written on separate answer sheets.

6. Instructions for filling the answer sheet are written on the back side of the answer sheet, read them carefully before filling the answer sheet.
7. Blank pages are available in this question booklet for rough work.
8. Candidates cannot leave the room before the end of the examination.
9. After the examination is over, you can go out only with his permission after submitting the ORIGINAL COPY of the answer sheet to the invigilator.
10. After the completion of the examination, the candidate is allowed to take the question booklet and answer sheet with him/her.
11. 1 marks will be given for each correct answer and 0.25 marks will be deducted for each wrong answer.

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Reasoning Ability

Directions for Questions 1 – 5: Study the following arrangement carefully and the question given below:

B, F, H, 1, 9, #, $, &, A, Y, Z, 3, C, D, 4, +, -, U, X, T, M, 2, 7, V, W, %, @, O, N, R, S, P, Q, 8, !, I, G, 0, /

1). How many such numbers are there in the above arrangement each of which is immediately preceded by a number and also immediately followed by a symbol?

(a) One   (b) Two   (c) Three   (d) Four   (e) Five

2). How many such vowels are there in the above arrangement each of which is immediately preceded by a symbol and also immediately followed by a consonant?

(a) One   (b) Two   (c) Three   (d) Four   (e) Five

3). What will come place in question mark (?) in the following series based on the above arrangement?

B H #, & Y C, 4 - T, ?

(a) 2V@   (b) 27W   (c) 2VO   (d) 27%

(e) None of these

4). Which of the following is third to the right of ninth from the left?

(a) A   (b) Y   (c) Z   (d) 3   (e) C

5). If all numbers are dropped from the above arrangement, which of the following will be seventh from the left end of the above arrangement?

(a) $ (b) &   (c) A   (d) Y   (e) Z

Directions for Questions 6 – 10: In each of the following questions, assuming the given statement to be true, find which of the following two conclusion I and II is/ are definitely true. Give answer:

6).
Statements - Raj ≥ Saurabh, Golu ≤ Pinku, Sauarbh = Pinku > Rinku

Conclusion I - Raj > Rinku

Conclusion II – Rinku < Golu

(a) If only conclusion I is true.

(b) If only conclusion II is true.

(c) If either I or II is true.   (d) If neither I nor II is true.

(e) If both I and II are true

7). Statements - A ≥ B = C, D< C, P > Q ≥ B

Conclusion I - A ≥ P

Conclusion II - A > D

(a) If only conclusion I is true.

(b) If only conclusion II is true.

(c) If either I or II is true.   (d) If neither I nor II is true.

(e) If both I and II are true

8). Statements - Seeta ≤ Geeta≥ Sulekha = Radha ≥ Durga = Payal

Conclusion I - Geeta>Payal

Conclusion II - Durga =Payal

(a) If only conclusion I is true.

(b) If only conclusion II is true.

(c) If either I or II is true.   (d) If neither I nor II is true.

(e) If both I and II are true

9). Statements - A < B ≤ C, J < B = K ≥ L

Conclusion I - A < J

Conclusion II - A < L

(a) If only conclusion I is true.

(b) If only conclusion II is true.

(c) If either I or II is true.   (d) If neither I nor II is true.

(e) If both I and II are true

10). Statements - W > X > Y ≥ Z, W = V, W ≤ U

Conclusion I - V>Y

Conclusion II - U > X

(a) If only conclusion I is true.

(b) If only conclusion II is true.

(c) If either I or II is true.   (d) If neither I nor II is true.

(e) If both I and II are true

Ten person A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, and J are sitting around a circle facing at the centre. F is fourth to the right of B and is third to the left of C. B is second to the left of D who is fourth to the left of H. A is second to the left of J who is fourth to the left of I. G is not immediate neighbour of D or A.

11).
Who is immediate right of G?

(a) B   (b) I   (c) E   (d) D   (e) None of these

12). Who is fourth to the right E?

(a) A   (b) F   (c) J   (d) H   (e) C

13). Who among the following is an immediate neighbor of F?

(a) A, D   (b) J, H   (c) A, J   (d) D, H

(e) None of these

14). Who among the following sits fifth to the left of D?

(a) G   (b) C   (c) H   (d) J   (e) F

15). What is A's position with respect to C?

(a) Fourth to the left   (b) Third to the right

(c) Third to the left   (d) Second to the right

(e) Immediate right

Eight person P, Q, R, S, T, U, V and W are sitting around a square table in such a way that four of them sit at four corners of the square table while four sit in middle of each of the four sides. The ones who sit at the four corners face the centre while those who sit in the middle of the sides face outsides. W is second to the right of T. T does not sit at any of the corners. S is fourth to the left of R who is immediate left of W. Only two person sits between P and V. V is second to the right of W. Q is not immediate neighbour of S.

16). Who is third to the right of R?

(a) T   (b) P   (c) U   (d) V   (e) Q

17). Which of the following is true regarding Q?

(a) Q is immediate left of W

(b) U is second to the left of Q

(c) V is immediate left of Q

(d) P is third to the left of Q   (e) None of these

18). Who is second to the left of P?

(a) R   (b) T   (c) W   (d) Q   (e) None of these

19). Who is fifth to the left of U?

(a) T   (b) W   (c) Q   (d) R   (e) V

20). How many people are seated between R and Q?

(a) One   (b) Two   (c) Three   (d) Four

(e) None of These

21).
Statements -

I- Some river are hill.

II- All hill are rock.

III- All rock are house.

Conclusions -

I - Some river are rock.

II - All hill are house.

(a) If only conclusion I follows.

(b) If only conclusion II follows.

(c) If either conclusion I or II follows.

(d) If neither conclusion I nor II follows.

(e) If both conclusions I and II follows.

22). Statements -

I- All lily are daisy.

II- All daisy are poppy.

III- All poppy are jasmine.

Conclusions -

I - Some poppy are lily.

II - All jasmine are daisy.

(a) If only conclusion I follows.

(b) If only conclusion II follows.

(c) If either conclusion I or II follows.

(d) If neither conclusion I nor II follows.

(e) If both conclusions I and II follows.

---

23). Statements -

I- Some wheel are tyre.

II- Some tyre are car.

III- Some car are truck.

Conclusions -

I - Some tyre are truck

II - No tyre is truck.

(a) If only conclusion I follows.

(b) If only conclusion II follows.

(c) If either conclusion I or II follows.

(d) If neither conclusion I nor II follows.

(e) If both conclusions I and II follows.

---

24). Statements -

I- No paper is page

II- Some page are record.

III- All record are data.

Conclusions -

I - Some paper are record.

II - Some data are page.

(a) If only conclusion I follows.

(b) If only conclusion II follows.

(c) If either conclusion I or II follows.

(d) If neither conclusion I nor II follows.

(e) If both conclusions I and II follows.

---

25). Statements -

I- Some wheel are tyre.

II- Some tyre are car.

III- Some car are truck.

Conclusions -

I - Some wheel are car

II - Some tyre is truck.

(a) If only conclusion I follows.

(b) If only conclusion II follows.

(c) If either conclusion I or II follows.

(d) If neither conclusion I nor II follows.

(e) If both conclusions I and II follows.

Nine person P, Q, R, S, T, U, V, W and X live on separate floor of an 9 floor building, But not necessarily in the same order. Ground floor is numbered 1, first floor is numbered 2 and so on until the topmost floor is numbered 9. U lives on third floor. P lives on immediately above S. Only five person lives between U and Q. V lives on seventh floor. P lives on an odd numbered floor. R lives on immediately below W. X does not live on eighth floor.

26). Who lives on the floor immediately below X?

(a) V **(b)** T **(c)** S **(d)** P **(e)** None of these

---

27). How many person lives between the floor on which P and R live?

(a) Three **(b)** Four **(c)** One **(d)** Five **(e)** Two

---

28). Who among the following lives on floor number 8?

(a) Q **(b)** T **(c)** X **(d)** P **(e)** R

---

29). Who lives on the floor immediately above X?

(a) T **(b)** P **(c)** S **(d)** R **(e)** None of these

---

30). Who among the following lives on floor number 4?

(a) S **(b)** X **(c)** T **(d)** Q **(e)** R

J is mother of K. K is husband of L. M is daughter of L. N is brother of M. O is brother of L. P is son of O. P is married to Q.

31).
How is L related of P?

(a) Aunt **(b)** Sister **(c)** Mother **(d)** Daughter

(e) None of these

---

32). How is N related of J?

(a) Uncle **(b)** Father **(c)** Grandson

(d) Granddaughter **(e)** CND

33). How is N related of P?

(a) Cousin   **(b)** Brother   **(c)** Sister   **(d)** Son

(e) Father

---

34). In a class of seventy students, Rinku's rank is forty-two from the right end. What is his rank from the left end?

(a) 30   **(b)** 27   **(c)** 28   **(d)** 29   **(e)** 31

---

35). Ram walked 20m toward north, took right turn and walked 15m. He took a right turn and walked 30m. He took a right turn and walked 15m. He again took a right turn and walked 3m. How far was he from the starting point?

(a) 6m   **(b)** 7m   **(c)** 10m   **(d)** 15m   **(e)** 5m

Numerical Ability

Directions for questions 1 – 10: What value should come in place of the marks (?) in the following questions?

1). $\frac{1}{4}$ of $\frac{11}{13}$ of $2\frac{2}{25}$ of 35% of ?= 86.24

(a) 560   **(b)** 563   **(c)** 566   **(d)** 543   **(e)** 550

---

2). $2352 \div 56 \times 38 = ? +(24 \times 33) + \sqrt{10404}$

(a) 706   **(b)** 702   **(c)** 710   **(d)** 714   **(e)** 708

---

3). $15028.2 + 9841.5 - 12824.7 + (29 \times \sqrt{1089}) = ? + 10248$

(a) 2754   **(b)** 2775   **(c)** 2780   **(d)** 2595   **(e)** 2800

---

4). $50\% \text{ of } 1300 \div 26 - 42 = ?\% \text{ of } 1100 \div 21$

(a) 68   **(b)** 56   **(c)** 51   **(d)** 57   **(e)** 63

---

5). $(196)^{1/2} \times 2744^3 \times 38416^2 \div 14^9 = 14^{? \times 3}$

(a) 3   **(b)** 4   **(c)** 8   **(d)** 5   **(e)** 1

---

6). 1
$12 - 8\sqrt{5} \times 2\sqrt{5} = ? -(48 \times 71) + 1232$

(a) 2200   **(b)** 2240   **(c)** 2250   **(d)** 2208

(e) 2248

---

7). $(70\% \text{ of } 830 - \sqrt{1156} + ?) \div 24 = 123.5$

(a) 2417   **(b)** 2419   **(c)** 2430   **(d)** 2424   **(e)** 2405

---

8).
$346 + 26820 \div 36 \times 221 \div 17 = ? -(13 \times 78)$

(a) 11047   **(b)** 11050   **(c)** 11054   **(d)** 11045

(e) 11045

---

9). $729^{\frac{1}{3}} \div 1\frac{1}{23} - ? = 6\frac{3}{8}$

(a) $2\frac{1}{4}$ **(b)** $3\frac{1}{4}$ **(c)** $1\frac{1}{4}$ **(d)** $5\frac{1}{4}$ **(e)** $6\frac{1}{4}$

---

10). $\left(\frac{126 \times 13^2 \times 5}{39 \times 195}\right) = ? -(82 \times 91)$

(a) 7476   **(b)** 7470   **(c)** 7480   **(d)** 7484   **(e)** 7486

Directions for questions 11 – 15: What approximate value should come in place of the marks (?) in the following questions? (Note : you are not expected to calculate the exact value.)

11).
$2018 + 43\% \text{ of } 3218 + 14.81^3 = ? +(136.12 \times \sqrt{170})$

(a) 5108   **(b)** 5187   **(c)** 5198   **(d)** 5001   **(e)** 5200

---

12).
$3\frac{1}{12} \text{ of } 4819 + 59\% \text{ of } 1088 + (10.21 \times 16.86) = ?$

(a) 15693   **(b)** 15555   **(c)** 15825   **(d)** 15864

(e) 15812

---

13).
$\sqrt{1226} + (78.12 \times \sqrt{290}) + \sqrt[3]{4100} = ?$

(a) 1212   **(b)** 1377   **(c)** 1510   **(d)** 1555   **(e)** 1560

---

14).
$18.61^2 + 53.56^2 - 49.09^2 = ? +(11.31 \times 13.63)$

(a) 722   **(b)** 923   **(c)** 612   **(d)** 454   **(e)** 545

---

15).
$3748.91 + \sqrt{18 \times 25.12 + 511} + 248.38 = ? +2848.13$

(a) 1300   **(b)** 12218   **(c)** 1180   **(d)** 1487   **(e)** 1454

Directions for questions 16 – 20: What will come at the place of mark (?) in the following number series?

16). 32, 65, 199, ?, 4041, 24271

(a) 805   **(b)** 810   **(c)** 812   **(d)** 814   **(e)** 802

---

17). 24, 13, 15, 25.5, ?, 142.5

(a) 50 (b) 57 (c) 55 (d) 45 (e) 64

---

18). 13025, 2600, ?, 100, 25, 0

(a) 525 (b) 522 (c) 542 (d) 520 (e) 530

---

19). 2, 5, 18, 77, ?, 2361

(a) 376 (b) 385 (c) 401 (d) 392 (e) 363

---

20). 132, ?, 167, 231, 356, 572

(a) 140 (b) 151 (c) 158 (d) 124 (e) 136

---

21). The circumference of a circle is 220cm. What is the area of a square whose side is equal to the radius of the circle?

(a) $1225\,cm^2$ (b) $1215\,cm^2$ (c) $1229\,cm^2$

(d) $1221\,cm^2$ (e) $1233\,cm^2$

---

22). An amount is given at an interest of 9.5% per annum. What is the amount if the difference between CI and SI for 2 years is Rs 90.25?

(a) Rs 10000 (b) Rs 12000 (c) Rs 9000

(d) Rs 9500 (e) Rs 10500

---

23). If 30 men can do a piece of works in 10 days working 6 hours per day, In how many days can 40 men do it working at the rate of 6 hours per day?

(a) 12 days (b) 10 days (c) 8 days (d) 7 days

(e) 6 days

---

24). When 120 is added to 40% of a number the result thus obtained is obtained 70% of 800. What is the number?

(a) 1130 (b) 1090 (c) 1075 (d) 1120

(e) 1100

---

25). P started a business by investing Rs 8,000. After 4 months Q joined him with a capital of Rs 10,000. After 10 months R joined them with a capital of Rs 12,000. At the end of 2 years they earned a profit of Rs 70400. What will be R's share in profit?

(a) Rs 16500 (b) Rs 17000 (c) Rs 18000

(d) Rs 18300 (e) Rs 16000

---

26). The age of father is thrice the age of his son. After 10 years the ratio of their age will be 13 :6. What is the present age of his son?

(a) 10 years (b) 14 years (c) 42 years (d) 8 years

(e) 45 years

---

27). Profit after selling an article for Rs 1000 is the same as the loss after selling it at Rs 750. The cost price of an article is:

(a) Rs 900 (b) Rs 250 (c) Rs 830 (d) Rs 800

(e) Rs 875

---

28). A truck starts with the speed of 60kmph with its speed increase every three hours by 10kmph. In how many hours will it cover 390km?

(a) 11 hours (b) 9 hours (c) 6 hours

(d) 3 hours (e) 5 hours

---

29). The marked price of a book is Rs 1200. The shopkeeper sold it allowing 10% discount on the marked price and earned a profit of 20%. What is the cost price of a book?

(a) Rs 930 (b) Rs 915 (c) Rs 840 (d) Rs 870

(e) Rs 900

---

30). In how many ways can the letters of the word "NIDHI" are arranged, when all consonants come together;

(a) 18 (b) 360 (c) 120 (d) 24 (e) 10

Directions for questions 31 – 35: Study the following table carefully to answer the given questions.

Percentage of mobiles sold by six companies in six different states					
M = Number of mobiles of each company					
State	U.P.	M.P.	Bihar	Delhi	A.P.	Assam
Company	M = 800	M=1200	M=1000	M =1500	M =1800	M =2000
A	24	13	17	34	18	27
B	28	21	9	15	25	13
C	12	6	26	11	13	10
D	7	27	14	18	8	21
E	18	15	21	6	21	19
F	11	18	13	16	15	10

31). What is the ratio between number of mobiles sold by company A and F together in U.P. to number of mobiles sold by company B and C together in Assam?

(a) 1 : 7   (b) 9 : 7   (c) 7 : 9   (d) 23 : 14   (e) 14 : 23

32). What is the difference between number of mobiles sold by company A and C together in Assam and number of mobiles sold by company E in U.P. and A.P. together?

(a) 220   (b) 210   (c) 215   (d) 218   (e) 222

33). Number of mobiles sold by company B in M.P. is what percent of number of mobiles sold by company F in M.P. and Assam together?

(a) 60.57%   (b) 64.60%   (c) 68.34%   (d) 57.25%

(e) 55.12%

34). What is the average number of mobiles sold by companies D, E and F together in M.P.?

(a) 255   (b) 250   (c) 222   (d) 230   (e) 240

35). Number of mobiles sold by company C and F together in Bihar is approximately what percent of number of mobiles sold by company B and F together in Delhi?

(a) 69%   (b) 48%   (c) 54%   (d) 62%   (e) 84%

English Language

(Q. Nos. 1-6) Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it. Certain words/phrases are given in bold to help you to locate them while answering some of the questions.

One day, the king came to the court and began attending to the routine matters people had brought to him. He happened to be in a bad mood that day. Just then, a messenger arrived out of breath, with a message that the queen wanted to see the king in her palace. The king rose immediately and all the courtiers respectfully got to their feet. The jester however remained seated unaware that the king Woo departing. Ho belatedly got to his foot but while doing so, ho woo noticed by the king, who perceived this behavior at an insult. He ordered the jester to leave his kingdom with immediate effect and not set foot on its soil under penalty of death.

The courtiers were upset and protested. The jester was amusing and well liked. But the jester obeyed the king's commands and left the palace promptly. Several months passed after the king had ordered the jester to leave his court The king's anger had subsided. He decided to invite the jester to return to his court. Messengers were sent to neighboring kingdoms to search for the jester and bring him before the king. However the very next day, when the king was standing in one of the palace balconies, he saw a horse Carriage pass outside the palace. He glanced at the carriage out of curiosity and spied the jester sitting inside. The carriage was stopped. The king asked the jester angrily, "Why have you come back to the kingdom without my permission?' "Your Majesty", the jester

replied politely, "I left for China the day you drove me out of your court. I returned only after I had covered the floor of my carriage with the soil of the neighboring country. I have thus not set my foot on your soil." The king found the jester's answer pleasing. He smiled and asked him to come to court from the next morning.

1). Why did the king leave the court suddenly one day?

(a) He was bored as the work was routine

(b) He realised that he had forgotten to meet the queen that day

(c) He was upset that day

(d) He was angry because the jester failed to pay him due respect

(e) None of the above

2). Why did the king himself ask the jester to return to his court?

(a) He missed the jester's wit and humor

(b) The jester did not need the request, the king had sent through his messengers

(c) The courtiers thought the king was foolish for throwing out the jester

(d) The king appreciated the jester's cleverness in interpreting his orders

(e) None of the above

3). Why did the jester remain seated, while the king was leaving?

(a) To show he was unhappy with king's decision to leave early

(b) To get the king's attention

(c) To show the king that leaving early was insulting to those, who had come to the court

(d) He did not realise that the king was leaving

(e) He was distracted by the queen's messenger

4). Which of the following cannot be said about the jester?

A. He was afraid of the king and obeyed his orders without question.

B. He had enjoyed visiting China so much he wanted to live there.

C. He did not respect the king because of his short temper.

(a) Only A   (b) A and B   (c) B and C

(d) All of these   (e) None of these

5). Which of the following is true in the context of the passage?

(a) The king was stubborn and never listened to his courtiers' advice

(b) The jester was quick witted

(c) The king's messengers did not try very hard to find the jester

(d) The jester did not return to the court till the king had asked forgiveness

(e) The king never refused any of the queen's requests

6). Which of the following describes the jester's reaction to the king's order to leave the kingdom?

A. He was happy because he always wanted to visit the neighboring country.

B. He was upset because he would have to move his entire family.

C. He was angry because he had lost his post and prestige.

(a) None   (b) Only A   (c) Only B   (d) All of these

(e) Only C

Which of the phrases (a), (b), (c) and (d) given below each sentence should replace the phrase printed in bold in the sentence to make it grammatically correct? If the sentence is correct as it is given and no correction is required, mark (5) as the answer.

7). If the evidence **bear out** the charge, he may be sentenced to death.

(a) bears out   (b) bore out   (c) was born out

(d) has borne out   (e) No correction required

8). He has to **liaise direct** with the police while writing the report.

(a) liaised direct   (b) to liaise directly

(c) to liaising direct   (d) to liaise directed

(e) No correction required

9). The rise in unemployment is **parallel by** an increase in petty crime.

(a) was parallel by   (b) will be parallel by

(c) is paralleled by   (d) is paralleled with

(e) No correction required

10). He has a chance **redeem him** after last week's mistake.

(a) to redeem him   (b) to redeem

(c) redeem himself   (d) to redeem himself

(e) No correction required

11). We shall eat some now and save some for tomorrow.

(a) now some and save some

(b) now some and some save   (c) some and save

(d) some now or save some

(e) No correction required

Read each sentence to find out whether there is any grammatical error in it. The error if any, will be in one part of the sentence. The number of that part is the answer. If there is no error the answer is (5) (Ignore the errors of punctuation, if any)

12). If the worst (1)/comes to(2) worst, (3)/I will have to bid good bye to my studies and join my family business. (4)/No error (5)

(a) 1   (b) 2   (c) 3   (d) 4   (e) 5

13). Because of heavy (1)/rains the trains (2)/are disable to (3)/run on time. (4)/No error (5)

(a) 1   (b) 2   (c) 3   (d) 4   (e) 5

14). The institute (1)/imparts training (2)/in (3)/the French. (4)/No error (5)

(a) 1   (b) 2   (c) 3   (d) 4   (e) 5

15). Looking forward (1)/to meet (2)/you (3)/soon. (4)/No error (5)

(a) 1   (b) 2   (c) 3   (d) 4   (e) 5

16). Martha missed her dog (1)/who died of a (2)/skin infection at a (3)/very young age. (4)/No error (5)

(a) 1   (b) 2   (c) 3   (d) 4   (e) 5

17). In the question below, four words which are numbered (a), (b), (c), and (d) have been printed, one of which may be wrongly spelt. The number of that word is the answer. If all four words are correctly spelt, mark (5) i.e., 'All correct' as the answer.

(a) Pionear   (b) Neighbour

(c) Harmony   (d) Propriety

(e) All correct

18). In the question below, four words which are numbered (a), (b), (c), and (d) have been printed, one of which may be wrongly spelt. The number of that word is the answer. If all four words are correctly spelt, mark (5) i.e., 'All correct' as the answer.

(a) Instantly   **(b)** Comfortable

(c) Enforcement   **(d)** Wisedom

(e) All correct

19). In the question below, four words which are numbered (a), (b), (c), and (d) have been printed, one of which may be wrongly spelt. The number of that word is the answer. If all four words are correctly spelt, mark (5) i.e., 'All correct' as the answer.

(a) Enhance   **(b)** Assumption

(c) Vehical   **(d)** Prisoner

(e) All correct

Directions (Q. No. 20-24) Rearrange the following six sentences (A), (B), (C), (D), (E) and (F) in the proper sequence to form a meaningful paragraph and then answer the questions given below it.

A. Sometimes, it works like a torch when clouds of confusion surround an individual.

B. Hence, this is sometimes even called as sixth sense.

C. It plays a vital role in shaping one's destiny.

D. The power of intuition shows how individual can explore the hidden powers of their brain.

E. In fact intuition is so powerful that it can help individual foretell the future.

F. History is full of examples of successful personalities who attributed their success in such times of crisis to that gut feeling.

20). Which of the following is the FIRST sentence?

(a) A   **(b)** B   **(c)** C   **(d)** D   **(e)** E

21). Which of t he following is the SECOND sentence?

(a) A   **(b)** B   **(c)** C   **(d)** D   **(e)** E

22). Which of the following is the THIRD sentence?

(a) A   **(b)** B   **(c)** C   **(d)** D   **(e)** E

23). Which of the following is the FIFTH sentence?

(a) A   **(b)** B   **(c)** C   **(d)** D   **(e)** E

24). Which of the following is the LAST sentence?

(a) A   **(b)** B   **(c)** C   **(d)** D

Directions (Q.Nos. 25-30) In the following passage, there are blanks, each of which has been numbered. These numbers are printed below the passage and against each five words suggested, one of which fits the blank appropriately. Find out the appropriate word in each case.

Madan Mohan Malviya belonged to a poor family. He was born on 25th December, 1861. He was a bright student. After graduating in 1891, he ...(25)... law but later jumped into the ...(26)... of freedom struggle. It is ironic but ...(27)... that he was loved by both Indian masses and British officers. Mr. Malviya was an Indian ...(28)... the backbone. He ...(29)... the Indian culture and kept his ideas ...(30)... all his life. He gained name and fame because of the work he did for social, ethical and educational upliftment.

25).

(a) designed   **(b)** interpreted

(c) joined   **(d)** framed   **(e)** explained

26).

(a) arena   **(b)** chain

(c) location   **(d)** pool   **(e)** valley

27).

(a) absurd   **(b)** unpalatable

(c) extreme   **(d)** unreliable   **(e)** true

28).

(a) with   **(b)** to

(c) at   **(d)** of   **(e)** by

29).

(a) admired   **(b)** insisted

(c) defended   **(d)** subscribed

(e) maintained

30).

(a) intact   **(b)** unfulfilled

(c) emerging   **(d)** opened   **(e)** safe