SBI CLERK

TEST SERIES

DATE- __/__/_
DAY-_____

INSTRUCTION FOR CANDIDATE

TEST SERIES NO.

SG Set 02

QUESTION- 100

MARKS- 100

NEGATIVE MARK- 0.25

DURATION- 60 MIN.

- 1. Use only ball pens with black or blue ink
- 2. As soon as the examination starts, you must check this question booklet and if there is any unprinted, mutilated or partially printed page or question in it, then replace it with the correct question booklet through the examiner.
- 3. There are a total of 100 questions in this question booklet.
- 4. This is an objective test, in which four options are given for the answer to each question, you have to choose only one option with the correct answer out of these four options.
- 5. Answers to all questions are to be written on separate answer sheets.

- 6. Instructions for filling the answer sheet are written on the back side of the answer sheet, read them carefully before filling the answer sheet.
- 7. Blank pages are available in this question booklet for rough work.
- 8. Candidates cannot leave the room before the end of the examination.
- 9. After the examination is over, you can go out only with his permission after submitting the ORIGINAL COPY of the answer sheet to the invigilator.
- 10. After the completion of the examination, the candidate is allowed to take the question booklet and answer sheet with him/her.
- 11. 1 marks will be given for each correct answer and 0.25 marks will be deducted for each wrong answer.

Spardhaguru India Private Limited



10 Years of Excellence

Website: www.spardha.guru

Email ID:- info@spardha.guru

ADDRESS:- No 8, 24th Block Manasi Nagar Beside of Bliss serviced Apartment, Mysuru, Karnataka 570029

HELPLINE 90711 54445, 90711 64446, 90711 74447



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Reasoning Ability

Directions for Questions 1 – 5: Study the following arrangement carefully and the question given below:

D, F, H, O, P, B, G, #, 1, J, A, 8, *, \$, 4, 9, 7, S, Q, U, W, 2, 3, &, M, E, N, !, +, /, 5, Z, Y, 0, R, %, @

- 1). How many such symbols are there in the above arrangement each of which is immediately preceded by a number and also immediately followed by a symbol?
- (a) One (b) Two (c) Three (d) Four (e) Five
- 2). Which of the following is sixth to the left of thirteen from the left end?
- (a) H (b) O (c) P (d) B (e) G
- 3). What will come place in question mark (?) in the following series based on the above arrangement?

DHP, G1A, *47, ?

- (a) QW3 (b) QU2 (c) U2& (d) U23 (e) QU3
- **4).** Which of the following is eighth to the right of fifteen from the left?
- (a) W (b) U (c) Q (d) 3 (e) 2
- 5). If all symbols are dropped from the above arrangement, which of the following will be tenth from the right end of the above arrangement?
- (a) 2 (b) 3 (c) W (d) U (e) Q

Directions for Questions 6 – 10: In each of the following questions, assuming the given statement to be true, find which of the following two conclusions I and II is/ are definitely true. Give the answer:

6). Statements - A \geq B>C, D = E<C \leq F

Conclusion I - A>D

Conclusion II - A ≤ F

- (a) If only conclusion I is true.
- (b) If only conclusion II is true.

- (c) If either I or II is true (d) If neither I nor II is true
- (e) If both I and II are true
- **7).** Statements Raj ≤ Sudhir = Sonu, Rajat ≥ Sonu≥ Ram

Conclusion I - Raj ≤ Ram

Conclusion II -Raj ≤ Rajat

- (a) If only conclusion I is true.
- (b) If only conclusion II is true.
- (c) If either I or II is true (d) If neither I nor II is true
- (e) If both I and II are true
- 8). Statements U ≥ V, V = T, R<S ≤ T

Conclusion I - U > S

Conclusion II - U = S

- (a) If only conclusion I is true.
- (b) If only conclusion II is true.
- (c) If either I or II is true. (d) If neither I nor II is true.
- (e) If both I and II are true
- 9). Statements $G \ge H \ge I \le E \le F > D$

Conclusion I - H ≥ D

Conclusion II - G ≥ E

- (a) If only conclusion I is true.
- (b) If only conclusion II is true.
- (c) If either I or II is true. (d) If neither I nor II is true.
- (e) If both I and II are true
- 10). Statements A > C \geq B \geq D = E \leq F < G

Conclusion I - A>D

Conclusion II - D< G

- (a) If only conclusion I is true.
- (b) If only conclusion II is true.
- (c) If either I or II is true. (d) If neither I nor II is true.
- (e) If both I and II are true

Directions for Questions 11 – 15: Study the following information carefully and the question given below:

Eight person A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H are sitting around a circular table facing the centre. A is immediate right of D and is fourth to the left of H. D is second to the right of B who is third to the right of E. F is not immediate neighbor of D or H. C is third to the left of G.

- 11). Who is immediate left of E?
- (a) F (b) A (c) D (d) G (e) None of these
- 12). Who is fourth to the left of C?
- (a) F (b) A (c) D (d) G (e) B
- **13).** Who among the following is an immediate neighbor of G?
- (a) D, A (b) B, H (c) A, H (d) D, B
- (e) None of these
- **14).** Who among the following sits fifth to the right of B?
- (a) F (b) E (c) C (d) H (e) A
- 15). What is F's position with respect to C?
- (a) Second to the left (b) Third to the right
- (c) Third to the left (d) Second to the right
- (e) Immediate right

Directions for Questions 16 – 20: Read the following information carefully and the question given below:

Seven person A, B, C, D, E, F and G are seated in a straight line facing the south. E is second to the left of F who is immediate left of D. Neither E nor F sits at the extreme ends of line. Only three person sits between F and C. B is fourth to the right of E. G is immediate neighbor of C.

- 16). Who is an immediate left of A?
- (a) C (b) E (c) G (d) D (e) B
- 17). Which of the following pairs represents person seated at the two extreme ends of the line?
- (a) C, G (b) C, D (c) B, D (d) C, B
- (e) None of these
- **18).** Who is third to the right of G?
- (a) F (b) A (c) E (d) D (e) B
- 19). Who is second to the left of B?
- (a) E (b) F (c) A (d) D (e) G

- 20). How many people are seated between C and A?
- (a) One (b) Two (c) Three (d) Four (e) Five

Directions for Questions 21-25: In each question below are three statements followed by two conclusions numbered I and II. You have to take the given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance from commonly facts and then decide which of the given conclusions logically follows from the given statements.

- 21). Statements -
 - I- Some cat are rat.
 - II- Some rat are lion.
 - III- All lion are monkey.

Conclusions -

- I Some rat are monkey.
- II Some cat are lion.
- (a) If only conclusion I follows.
- (b) If only conclusion II follows.
- (c) If either conclusion I or II follows
- (d) If neither conclusion I nor II follows.
- (e) If both conclusions I and II follows.
- 22). Statements -
 - I- All cock are duck.
 - II- All duck are crane.
 - III- All crane are crow.

Conclusions -

- I Some crow are duck.
- II All cock are crane.
- (a) If only conclusion I follows.
- (b) If only conclusion II follows.
- (c) If either conclusion I or II follows.
- (d) If neither conclusion I nor II follows.
- (e) If both conclusions I and II follows.
- 23). Statements -
 - I- Some gold are white.
 - II- Some white are silver.
 - III- Some silver are grey.

Conclusions -

I - Some gold are silver.

- II No gold is silver.
- (a) If only conclusion I follows.
- (b) If only conclusion II follows.
- (c) If either conclusion I or II follows.
- (d) If neither conclusion I nor II follows.
- (e) If both conclusions I and II follows.
- 24). Statements -
 - I- No apple is mango.
 - II- Some mango are orange.
 - III- All orange are grapes.

Conclusions -

- I Some apple are orange.
- II Some mango are grapes.
- (a) If only conclusion I follows.
- (b) If only conclusion II follows.
- (c) If either conclusion I or II follows.
- (d) If neither conclusion I nor II follows.
- (e) If both conclusions I and II follows.
- 25). Statements -
 - I- No apple is mango.
 - II- Some mango are orange.
 - III- All orange are grapes.

Conclusions -

- I Some apple are grapes.
- II All grapes are mango.
- (a) If only conclusion I follows.
- (b) If only conclusion II follows.
- (c) If either conclusion I or II follows.
- (d) If neither conclusion I nor II follows.
- (e) If both conclusions I and II follows.

Directions for Questions 26 – 30: Read the following passage carefully and the question given below it -

Seven person A, B, C, D, E, F and G live on separate floor of an 7 floor building, But not necessarily in the same order. Ground floor is numbered 1, first floor is numbered 2 and so on until the topmost floor is numbered 7. G lives on fifth floor. E lives on immediately below C. C does not live on second or seventh floor. E lives on an even numbered floor. D does not live on an odd numbered floor. B lives on immediately above D. F does not live on the lowermost floor.

Who lives on the floor immediately below E?

- (a) F (b) G (c) D (d) A (e) B
- **27).** How many person lives between the floor on which B and F live?
- (a) One (b) Two (c) Three (d) Four (e) Five
- **28).** Who among the following lives on floor number 7?
- (a) G (b) D (c) B (d) E (e) A
- 29). Who lives on the floor immediately below G?
- (a) F (b) C (c) E (d) A (e) None of these
- **30).** Who among the following lives on floor number 3?
- (a) E (b) A (c) F (d) G (e) C

Directions for Questions 31 – 33: Study the given information carefully and the given questions.

P is sister of Q. Q is father of R. S is married to Q. T is sister of R. U is married to T. V is daughter of U. R is husband of W.

- Spandhaguru [31). Who is the daughter of S?
 - (a) T (b) V (c) W (d) V or W (e) None of these
 - 32). How is Q related of V?
 - (a) Uncle (b) Father (c) Maternal grandfather
 - (d) Grandson (e) CND
 - 33). How is P related of T?
 - (a) Uncle (b) Sister (c) Mother (d) Aunt
 - (e) None of these
 - **34).** In a class of 50 students J's rank is 23th from the top. What is J's rank from bottom?
 - (a) 26 (b) 27 (c) 28 (d) 29 (e) 30
 - **35).** From his house, Sonu went to 20kms to the south. Then he turned east and covered 15kms. Then he

turned north and covered 20kms. Finally turning to the west, he covered 8kms. How far is he from his

house?

(a) 7km (b) 5km (c) 9km (d) 8km (e) 15km

Numerical Ability

Direction (Qs.1 - 10): What value should come in place of the marks(?) in the following questions?

- 1). $\sqrt{?} = (385.5 \times 16) \div 514$
- (a) 144 (b) 145 (c) 130 (d) 135 (e) 122
- 2). 0.9 + 9 + 9.99 + 9.9 + 9.09 + 9999 = ?
- (a) 10035.12 (b) 10036.54 (c) 10037.88
- (d) 10040.54 (e) 10039.74
- 3). $(72815 20882 36081 15812) \times \sqrt{7056} = ?$
- (a) 3354 (b) 3360 (c) 3362 (d) 3365 (e) 3368
- 4). $72 \times 21 1212 + 42^2 = ? -40\%$ of 1320
- (a) 2592 (b) 2596 (c) 2594 (d) 2598 (e) 2593
- 5). 22% of 5225 + 42% of 900 - 84% of 1250 = ?
- (a) 475.6 (b) 477.5 (c) 479.2 (d) 481.2
- (e) 483.5
- 6). $\frac{5}{7}$ of $\frac{3}{4}$ of $672 = ? -\sqrt{12544} + 135$
- (a) $_{337}$ (b) $_{339}$ (c) $_{340}$ (d) $_{335}$ (e) $_{333}$
- 7). $13340 7810 + 126 \times 12 = ? + (\sqrt{5625} \times 82)$
- (a) 897 (b) 895 (c) 892 (d) 888 (e) 885
- 8). $\frac{4}{5}$ of $\frac{7}{8}$ of 30% of 1500 = ? -41^2
- (a) 1996 (b) 1998 (c) 1993 (d) 1991 (e) 1994
- 9). $\frac{1}{14} + 2\frac{1}{7} + 7\frac{1}{28} = ? + 2\frac{1}{28}$
- (a)
- 11(1/4) **(b)** $10^{\frac{1}{4}}$ **(c)** $9^{\frac{1}{4}}$ **(d)** $12^{\frac{1}{4}}$ **(e)** $13^{\frac{1}{4}}$
- **10).** 28% of 34% of 14000 + $\frac{4}{11}$ of 231 = ?
- (a) 1416.8 (b) 1418.5 (c) 1419.3 (d) 1412.1
- (e) 1410.2

Directions (Qs. 11 - 15): What approximate value should come in place of the marks (?) in the following questions? (Note: you are not expected to calculate the exact value.)

11). 26% of 1782 + ?% of $815 = 121.81 \times 74.12$

- (a) 980 (b) 1070 (c) 1205 (d) 1250 (e) 1187
- **12).** 782 + 43% of $1350 + 87.71^2 = 1280 + ?$
- (a) 7848 (b) 7612 (c) 7965 (d) 7454 (e) 7487
- 13). $\frac{5}{6}$ of $2\frac{3}{8}$ of 53% of 1780 + $\sqrt{1445}$ = ?
- (a) 2054 (b) 2014 (c) 1825 (d) 1847 (e) 1946
- 14). $\frac{1}{18}$ of 9379 + 56% of 850 = ? $-(11.61 \times \sqrt{960})$
- (a) 1397 (b) 1058 (c) 1154 (d) 1187 (e) 1201
- 15). $\sqrt{675} + (14.12 \times 34.09) + \sqrt[3]{2745} \div \sqrt[3]{8} = ?$
- (a) 509 (b) 410 (c) 348 (d) 615 (e) 732

Directions (16 – 20): What will come at the place of mark (?) in the following number series?

- **16).** 7, 25, 79, 241, ?, 2185
- (a) 727 (b) 728 (c) 729 (d) 730 (e) 731
- **17).** 12, 14, 40, ?, 656, 3370
- (a) 149 (b) 150 (c) 151 (d) 152 (e) 153
- **18).** 10, 6, 14, 48, ?, 525
- (a) 160 (b) 161 (c) 162 (d) 163 (e) 164
- **19).** 4, 33, 227, 1371, ?, 27381
- (a) 6835 (b) 6837 (c) 6839 (d) 6840 (e) 6841
- **20).** 7, 12, ?, 52, 87, 132
- (a) 27 (b) 28 (c) 29 (d) 30 (e) 31
- 21). If the perimeter and diagonal of the rectangle are 80cm and 20cm respectively. What is the area of the rectangle?

(a)

 600cm^2 (b) 615cm^2 (c) 590cm^2 (d) 575cm^2

- (e) 620cm²
- **22).** The sum of Rs 40,000 is divided into two parts. One part is fixed deposit at the simple interest of 12% per annum and the other at 20% per annum. After 2 years total sum received is Rs 52,000. The sum of fixed deposit at 20% of simple interest is.

(a) Rs 30 (b) Rs 12 (c) Rs 15 (d) Rs 22

- (e) Rs 25
- 23). 6 men can complete a piece of work in 10 days. 8 women can complete the same piece of work in 15 days. whereas 8 children can complete the same piece of work in 10 days. If 6 men, 12 women and 12 children work together. In how many days can the work be completed?

(a) 2 days (b) 11 days (c) 9 days (d) 7 days (e) 4 days

24). The average weight of 43 women in an office is 32 kg. The average weight of 37 men in an office is 40 kg. There are only 80 employees in an office. What is the overall average weight (in kg) of all the employees together in an office?

(a)

35.7kg (b) 32.5 kg (c) 38.4 kg (d) 31.2kg

(e) 28.6 kg

25). Pipe U can fill a tank in 25 hours while pipe V alone can fill it in 50 hours and pipe W can empty the full tank in 30 hours. If all the pipes are opened together, how much time will be needed to make the tank full?

(a)

37(1/2)hours **(b)** $35\frac{1}{2}$ hours **(c)** $39\frac{1}{2}$ hours

(d) $34\frac{1}{2}$ hours (e) $31\frac{1}{2}$ hours

26). The respective ratio between the present age of Ram and Sonu is 13:8.3 years ago the respective ratio between their ages was 12:7. How old is Rinku if his present age is 4 years less then Ram present age?

(a) 25years (b) 28years (c) 35 years (d) 31 years (e) 38 years

27). Raj purchased a table for Rs 3000. He spent Rs 500 its repairing. He then sold it Rs 4200. Find

its the profit percentage?

(a) 20% (b) 35% (c) 15% (d) 30% (e) 25%

28). The speed of a motor boat when travelling downstream is 46kmph whereas when travelling upstream it is 24kmph. What is the speed of the motor boat in still water?

(a) 35kmph (b) 38kmph (c) 23kmph

- (d) 11kmph (e) 32kmph
- **29).** The ratio between the speeds of two cars is 4: 3. If the first car runs 640kms in 4 hours, then the speed of second car is;

(a) 80kmph (b) 74kmph (c) 60kmph (d) 53kmph

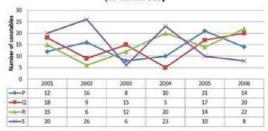
- (e) 64kmph
- **30).** Find the difference between compound interest and simple interest on Rs 18000 at 10% per annum for 2 years.

(a) Rs 250 (b) Rs 230 (c) Rs 210 (d) Rs 170

(e) Rs 180

Directions for questions 31 – 35: Study the following line - charts carefully to answer the given questions.

Number of constables working in four different Spardhaguru India Private states in six diffrent years (In hundreds)



31). Number of constables working in state P in 2002 and 2004 together is approximately what percent of number of constables working in state R in 2004 and 2005 together?

(a) 54% (b) 52% (c) 88% (d) 85% (e) 76%

32). What is the ratio between number of constables working in state Q and R together in 2006 to number of constables working in state S in 2001 and 2003 together?

(a) 2:3 (b) 5:7 (c) 13:21 (d) 7:5 (e) 21:13

33). What is the difference between the total number of constables working in state P in 2001, 2003 and 2006 together and total number of constables working in state R in 2002, 2003 and 2005 together?

(a) 200 (b) 260 (c) 180 (d) 220 (e) 230

- **34).** What is the percentage increase in number of constables working in state R in 2004 as compared to the previous year?
- (a) 78.12% (b) 66.67% (c) 72.56% (d) 58.12%
- (e) 62.23%
- 35). Number of constables working in state Q and R together in 2001 is what percent of number of constables working in state P and S together in 2002?
- (a) 70.21% (b) 78.57% (c) 88.14% (d) 75.32%
- (e) 72.28%

English Language

Directions (Q. Nos. 1-10) Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it. Certain words/phrases are given in the bold to help you locate them while answering some of the questions.

During the reign of King, Veer, there lived a wise magistrate. Haripant's verdicts were always just and people from all over the vast kingdom came to him in order to settle their disputes. In the city where Haripant lived, there was a greedy ghee merchant named Niranjan. He always kept twenty barrels of ghee. Of these, fifteen would contain good quality ghee and the remaining would be adulterated, he would mix in to and sell it. This went on for a time, till finally the people fed up being cheated and complained to Haripant.

Haripant had the ghee examined and found it to be adulterated. He gave Niranjan a choice of punishment-drink the five barrels of adulterated ghee from his shop or receive a hundred lashings or pay a thousand gold coins in the treasury. Niranjan thought for a while. Losing a thousand gold coins was too much and a hundred lashings are painful. So, he decided to drink the barrels of ghee. Though Niranjan adulterated goods in his shop, they made sure his own food was of the best quality. So, after drinking one barrel of ghee, he began to feel sick. By the second barrel, he was vomiting. At this point he decided to opt for the lashings instead. But he was pampered and his body was unused to any harsh treatment. After ten lashes, he started trembling and by twenty he was giddy. Stop! he screamed 'I will pay the thousand gold coils!' and he handed them.

So, he ended up suffering all three punishments something he did not forget in a hurry and the people of the city got to use only the best quality ghee in their food from then on!

- 1). Why did the people decide to go to Haripant with their complaint?
- (a) He was close to the King and would get justice for them
- **(b)** They knew Niranjan was afraid of Haripant, who punished people severely

- (c) They were confident that he would listen to their complaint and give a fair judgment
- (d) He was the only magistrate in the entire kingdom
- (e) None of the above
- 2). Why did Haripant allow Niranjan to choose his own punishment?
- (a) He felt sorry for Niranjan
- (b) Niranjan's offence was minor
- (c) He did not want Niranjan to appeal of the king for leniency
- (d) He did not want to give the wrong punishment
- (e) None of these
- **3).** Which of the following can be said about Niranjan?
 - A. He took a lot of time to make any decision.
 - B. He only cheated those, who would not dare complain against him.
 - C. He was allergic to ghee and fell sick, whenever he consumed it.
- (a) Only C (b) Only A (c) A and B
- (d) All of these (e) None of these
- **4).** Why did Niranjan decide to drink adulterated ghee for his punishment?
- (a) Since the barrels were from his shop he thought he could substitute the adulterated ghee with good ghee
- **(b)** He wanted to prove that the quality of ghee he sold was good
- (c) He was greedy and had a big appetite so he thought he would easily drink the ghee
- (d) He considered it the easiest of the punishments as he did not realise what effect the ghee would have on him
- (e) None of the above
- **5).** Which of the following is NOT true in the context of the passage?
 - A. Niranjan's customers were so angry that they beat him mercilessly.
 - B. King Veer's kingdom was large.
 - C. Niranjan had a very good memory.
- (a) Only A (b) Only B (c) A and C (d) All of these
- (e) None of these
- 6). Why did Niranjan suffer three punishments?

- (a) He had cheated so many people that his punishment had to be severe
- **(b)** Haripant had ordered this so that Niranjan would never repeat his offence
- (c) Haripant wanted to make an example of him so that other merchants would not cheat their customers
- (d) Niranjan could not decide which punishment to undergo. So, Haripant awarded him all three punishments
- (e) None of the above
- Choose the word which is most SIMILAR in meaning as the word printed in bold as used in the passage.

Cheated

- (a) Unfaithful (b) Blamed (c) Exploited
- (d) Prevented (e) Dodged
- Choose the word which is most SIMILAR in meaning as the word printed in bold as used in the passage.

Suffering

- (a) Hardship (b) Distressing (c) Hurting
- (d) Experiencing (e) Trouble
- Choose the word which is most OPPOSITE in meaning to the word printed in bold as used in the guru Incopassage.

Best

- (a) Damaged (b) Inferior (c) Spoiled
- (d) Defective (e) Cheap
- Choose the word which is most OPPOSITE in meaning to the word printed in bold as used in the passage.

Unused

- (a) Accustomed (b) Routine (c) Often
- (d) Normal (e) Repeated

Directions (Q. Nos. 11 -15) Which of the phrases (1), (2), (3) and (4) given below each sentence should replace the phrase printed in bold in the sentence to make it grammatically correct? If the sentence is correct as it is given and no correction is required mark (5) as the answer.

- 11). The teacher asked, "Why you are late?"
- (a) Why you were late (b) Why late you are
- (c) Why are you late (d) Why late you were
- (e) No correction required

- **12).** The teacher asked the intruder, who was he and why was he occupying his chair.
- (a) who he was and why he was
- (b) who he was and why was he
- (c) who he had been and why he had been
- (d) who was he and why he was
- (e) No correction required
- 13). 'Hard Days' was his last novel.
- (a) latter (b) recent (c) latest (d) later
- (e) No correction required
- 14). Bad habits must be nipped at the bud
- (a) nipped off the bud (b) nipped in the bud
- (c) nipped on the bud (d) nipped upon the bud
- (e) No correction required
- Various practices and norms for bank's transactions are laid down by the Reserve Bank of India.
- (a) are laid up (b) are led down (c) are lead up
- (d) are led to (e) No correction required

Directions (Q. No. 16-20) In each sentence below, four words that the printed in bold have been numbered (1), (2), (3), (4) and (5). One of them may be wrongly spelt or inappropriate in the context of the sentence. Find out the word, which is wrongly spelt or inappropriate if there is any. The letter of that word is the answer. If all the words, which are printed in bold, are correctly spelt and appropriate in the context of the sentence, mark (5) as the answer i.e., All correct.

- **16).** Gandhiji is known (1) for his successful (2) afforts (3) to liberate (4) India. All correct (5)
- (a) 1 (b) 2 (c) 3 (d) 4 (e) 5
- **17).** The cruelties (1) of history (2) are perpetrated (3) in the name of nobal (4) causes. All correct (5)
- (a) 1 (b) 2 (c) 3 (d) 4 (e) 5
- **18).** Fear of universal (1) destruction (2) hangs (3) over us like a cloud (4). All correct (5)
- (a) 1 (b) 2 (c) 3 (d) 4 (e) 5
- Environment has a profounde (1) influence (2) on the way a society (3) develops (4). All correct (5)
- (a) 1 (b) 2 (c) 3 (d) 4 (e) 5
- **20).** The atmosphere (1) was fragrent (2) with the scent (3) of rose flowers (4). All correct (5)

(a) 1 (b) 2 (c) 3 (d) 4 (e) 5	 B. An electric current could not be made to traverse distilled water. C. Yet when salt and distilled water were mixed, then the solution became a liquid through which electricity could pass with ease. D. Neither would solid salt offer free passage to electricity. E. How could one explain this strange behaviour 					
Directions (Q.Nos. 21-25) Read each sentence to find out whether there is any grammatical error in it. The error, if any, will be in one part of the sentence. The number of that part is the answer. If there is no error, the answer is (5) (ignore the errors of punctuation, if any)						
 21). One of the basics of good writing (1)/is to have a (2)/clear understanding of the target audience (3)/and its requirements. (4)/No error (5) (a) 1 (b) 2 (c) 3 (d) 4 (e) 5 	F. And as a deep se	of solution. F. And as the current passed through this solution, a deep seated decomposition took place. 26). Which of the following will be the FIFTH				
22). Radha with (1)/her brothers (2)/and sisters (3)/are present here. (4)/No error (5)	(a) A	(b) C (c)	В ((d) E	(e) F	
(a) 1 (b) 2 (c) 3 (d) 4 (e) 5	27). Which sentence		wing will be t	the FOUR	ГН	
23). The language used for writing text books (1)/differs from other forms of writing (2)/in its preference on (3)/simplicity over style. (4)/No error (5)	(a) A (e) D	(b) B	(c) F	(d)	E	
(a) 1 (b) 2 (c) 3 (d) 4 (e) 5	28). Which of the following will be the SIXTH (LAST) sentence?					
24). He is one of the (1)/most intelligent (2)/student (3)/l have every taught. (4)/No error (5) (a) 1 (b) 2 (c) 3 (d) 4 (e) 5	(a) C (d) E	(b) A (e) F	(c) B			
25). This road is (1)/worst than (2)/any other road aguit (3)/of the city. (4)/No error (5)	sentence	ate Limi	wing will be t			
(a) 1 (b) 2 (c) 3 (d) 4 (e) 5	(a) C (e) E	(b) D	(c) F	(d) /	A	
Directions (Q. Nos. 26-30) Rearrange the following sentences to make a meaningful paragraph and then answer the questions given below them.	30). Which sentence		wing will be t	the FIRST		
	(a) A	(b) D	(c) B	(d) (0	