



Chapter-09

Securities Market, Industry and Insurance

1.Capital market regulator is–

- (A) NSE
- (B) RBI
- (C) SEBI
- (D) IRDA

2.A short-term government security paper is called–

- (A) Share
- (B) Debenture
- (C) Mutual Fund
- (D) Treasury Bill

3.In the context of the stock market, IPO stands for–

- (A) Immediate Payment Order
- (B) Internal Policy Obligation
- (C) Initial Public Offer
- (D) International Payment Obligation

4.New capital issue is placed in–

- (A) Secondary market
- (B) Grey market
- (C) Primary market
- (D) Black market

5.NIFTY is associated with–

- (A) Cloth Market Price Index
- (B) Consumer Price Index
- (C) BSE Index
- (D) NSE Index

6.Bull and Bear are related to which commercial activity?

- (A) Banking
- (B) E-commerce
- (C) International trade
- (D) Stock market

7.Which amidst the following is not a credit rating agency?

- (A) CRISIL
- (B) CARE
- (C) ICRA
- (D) IFCI

8.The first state owned company from India to be listed on the New York Stock Exchange is–

- (A) Videsh Sanchar Nigam Limited
- (B) Mahanagar Telephone Nigam Limited
- (C) Tata Iron and Steel Company
- (D) Wipro

9.For channelising the unaccounted money for productive purposes the government introduced the scheme of–

- (A) Special Bearer Bonds
- (B) Resurgent India Bonds
- (C) Provident Funds
- (D) Market Loans

10.A speculator who sells stocks, in order to buy back when price falls, for gain is a–

- (A) Bull
- (B) Bear
- (C) Boar
- (D) Bison

11.What is the purpose of the India Brand Equity Foundation?





spardhaguru2022



Spardhaguru Current affairs



Spardhaguru1



SpardhaGuru



Spardha.guru



www.spardha.guru



- (A) To promote in-bound tourism
(B) To make 'Made in India' a label of quality
(C) To organise trade fairs
(D) To provide venture capital to IT sector
12. Insurance sector in India is regulated by -
(A) MRBI
(B) CII
(C) IRDA
(D) SEBI
13. Short-term government securities is called -
(A) Share
(B) Debenture
(C) Mutual Fund
(D) Treasury Bill
14. A speculator who enters into a purchase transaction with a view to sell in the near future, when the price would have risen is called a -
(A) Bear
(B) Bull
(C) Bison
(D) Boar
15. The abbreviation 'SEBI' stands for -
(A) Savings and Exchange Bank of India
(B) Securities and Exchange Bank of India
(C) Survey of essential business in India
(D) Securities and Exchange Board of India
16. SEBI was set up in -
(A) 1992
(B) 1998
(C) 1999
(D) 1996
17. Which is the first Indian Company to be listed in NASDAQ?
(A) Reliance
(B) TCS
(C) HCL

- (D) Infosys
18. Liquidity Preference means
(A) holding assets in the form of bonds and shares
(B) holding assets in the form of cash
(C) creation of immovable property
(D) assets in the form of jewelry
19. What is meant by 'Capital Gain'?
(A) Part of profits added to the capital
(B) Appreciation in the money value of assets
(C) Additions to the capital invested in a business
(D) None of these
20. The business in Stock Markets and other securities markets is regulated by -
(A) Securities and Exchange Board of India
(B) Sole Trade and Exchange Bank of India
(C) State and Exchange Bank of India
(D) Stock and Exchange Bank of India
21. A financial instrument is called a 'primary security' if it represents the liability of:
(A) Some ultimate borrower
(B) the Government of India
(C) a primary cooperative bank
(D) a commercial bank
22. Government securities are considered liquid because they are -
(A) backed by the Government treasury
(B) convertible into other types of saving deposits
(C) quickly and easily marketable
(D) stable in value
22. Under-writing refers to -
(A) under estimation
(B) under selling
(C) winding up the business
(D) an act of insuring risk
23. Who are the creditors of a corporation?





- (A) Bond holders
(B) Stock holders
(C) Both Bond and Stock holders
(D) Holders of preferred stock
24. Long-term funds in the capital market can be raised either by borrowing from certain institutions or through-
- (A) issue of note
(B) taking loan from Government
(C) issue of securities
(D) taking loan from foreign institutions

25. Capital market deals with-
- (A) Short term fund
(B) Long term fund
(C) Cash
(D) Both long and short term funds

26. Debenture holders of a company are its-
- (A) Shareholders
(B) Creditors
(C) Debtors
(D) Directors

27. "Wall Street" is the name of the-
- (A) Stock Exchange of New York
(B) Indian Township in wash
(C) Super market in Mumbai
(D) Stock Exchange of Kolkata

28. Securities and Exchange Board of India is a-
- (A) Quasi Judicial body
(B) Regulatory Body
(C) Advisory Body
(D) Constitutional Body

29. SIDO is related to the development of-
- (A) Small industries
(B) Steel Industry
(C) Soap Industry
(D) Sugar Industry

30. Insider trading is related to-

- (A) Trade sector
(B) Share market
(C) Credit market
(D) Horse racing

31. Which of the following is done at a Stock Exchange?

- (A) Commodities are bought and sold at wholesale price
(B) Commodities are bought and sold at retail price
(C) Securities are bought and sold
(D) None of these

32. BSE SENSEX Constitutes ____ number of companies.

- (A) 30
(B) 40
(C) 50
(D) 60

33. Banking comes under which of the following sector?

- (A) Primary sector
(B) Secondary sector
(C) Tertiary sector
(D) Both Secondary and Tertiary sectors

34. Offloading of government shares to private companies is known as ____.

- (A) Investment
(B) Disinvestment
(C) Centralization
(D) Decentralization

35. What is the full form of NSDL?

- (A) National Society Development Limited
(B) National Securities Depository Limited
(C) National Social Development Limited
(D) National Safety Development Limited

36. Which among the following comes under secondary sector of Indian Economy?

- (A) Sugar Industry





spardhaguru2022



Spardhaguru Current affairs



Spardhaguru1



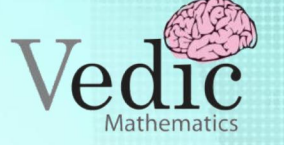
SpardhaGuru



Spardha.guru



www.spardha.guru



- (B) Fishing
- (C) Insurance
- (D) Transport of goods

37. Which among the following comes under tertiary sector of Indian Economy?

- (A) Cloth Industry
- (B) Transport of goods
- (C) Dairy
- (D) Sugar Industry

