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## Chapter – 08

### Population & Tribes

1. The Growth rate of population means

- (A) Difference between the growth of male and female
- (B) Difference between the population of urban and rural areas
- (C) No. of births per thousand persons
- (D) Difference between birth rate and death rate

2. The Birth rate measures the birth during an year per

- (A) 100 populace
- (B) 1000 populace
- (C) 10000populace
- (D) 100000 populace

3. Which of the following Indian state has the most no. of Scheduled Tribal population?

- (A) Madhya Pradesh
- (B) Assam
- (C) Bihar
- (D) Orissa

4. In context of population, which of the following describes the correct meaning of "Sex-Ratio"

- (A) Number of males per 1000 females
- (B) Number of females per 1000 males
- (C) Number of female per1000 populace
- (D) Number of female per 1000 sample of persons

5. The Density of population in India is defined as

- (A) Number of persons in an area of one mile square
- (B) Number of persons in an area of one lakh mile square
- (C) Number of persons in an area of one lakh km square
- (D) Number of persons in an area of one km square

6. In India, the state with highest density of Population is

- (A) Uttar Pradesh
- (B) Bihar
- (C) West Bengal
- (D) Haryana

7. As per the census 2011, what is the density in India?

- (A) 325
- (B) 352
- (C) 372
- (D) 382

8. Find the name of the state which has the lowest density?

- (A) Meghalaya
- (B) Mizoram
- (C) Arunachal Pradesh
- (D) Sikkim

9. According to census 2001, the highest density of population is in the state of

- (A) Maharashtra
- (B) Karnataka
- (C) Chhattisgarh
- (D) Delhi

10. According to census 2011, which union territory records the highest density?

- (A) Delhi
- (B) Chandigarh
- (C) Puducherry
- (D) West Bengal

11. Which of the following is called the biggest leap forward in the history of Indian population?

- (A) 1921-1931
- (B) 1941-1951
- (C) 1951-1961
- (D) 1961-1971

12. Child Sex Ratio as per the provisional results of the 2011 Census in India is

- (A) 927
- (B) 924
- (C) 917
- (D) 914

13. The Indian state with lowest sex- ratio is

- (A) Haryana
- (B) Punjab
- (C) Uttar Pradesh
- (D) Arunachal Pradesh

14. According to the census 2001, which was the largest state of India demographically?

- (A) Maharashtra
- (B) Bihar
- (C) Uttar Pradesh
- (D) West Bengal

15. Which state of India has the largest percentage of poors?

- (A) Bihar
- (B) Chhattisgarh
- (C) Orissa
- (D) Jharkhand

16. What percentage of Indian population is below poverty line?

- (A) Less than 30%
- (B) 30% to 35%
- (C) More than 35% but less than 40%
- (D) 40% to 45%

17. According to census 2001, the average annual growth rate during 1991-2001 is almost

- (A) 1.22%
- (B) 1.93%
- (C) 2.13%
- (D) 2.24%





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18. According to the data, released by housing and urban poverty alleviation ministry, which state has the maximum number of slums?

- (A) Uttar Pradesh (B) West Bengal  
(C) Maharashtra (D) Andhra Pradesh

19. Which pair is not twin – cities?

- (A) Durgapur – Asansol  
(B) Hyderabad – Secunderabad  
(C) Kolkata – Hawrah  
(D) Delhi – New Delhi

20. The most literate union territory in India is

- (A) Delhi (B) Lakshadweep  
(C) Chandigarh (D) Puducherry

21. According to the latest figures, literacy in India is

- (A) 63% (B) 74%  
(C) 67% (D) 68%

22. What is the main reason behind the faster population growth in India

- (A) Low Birth Rate and Low Mortality Rate  
(B) High Birth Rate and Low Mortality Rate  
(C) Faster Birth Rate and Faster Mortality Rate  
(D) High Birth Rate and High Mortality Rate

23. Which of the following is mainly responsible for the lack of female population in India?

- (A) Political Factors (B) Economic Factors  
(C) Social Factors (D) Superstitions

24. As per the data released in July 2011, what is the percentage of population living in Indian villages?

- (A) 80% (B) 75%  
(C) 70% (D) 60%

25. As per the data released in July 2011, Sex –Ratio in Rural Areas is \_\_\_ less than urban areas

- (A) Five Times (B) Four Times  
(C) Three Times (D) Two Times

26. As per the Census 2011, which state has the lowest population in India?

- (A) Manipur (B) Tripura  
(C) Puducherry (D) Sikkim

27. According to the figure of census 2011, which of the union territories is last ranked in child-sex ratio

- (A) Dadar and Nagar Haveli  
(B) Daman and Diu  
(C) Chandigarh  
(D) Andaman and Nicobar Islands

28. In which state, female literacy rate is the highest?

- (A) Kerala (B) Maharashtra  
(C) Tamil Nadu (D) West Bengal

29. According to the figures of Census 2011, which state has the maximum difference in the male and female literacy

- (A) Rajasthan (B) Kerala  
(C) Uttar Pradesh (D) Madhya Pradesh

30. Match the following

Tribes	States
A. Bhil	1. Terai
B. Tharu	2. Nilgiri
C. Gond	3. Bastar
D. Toda	4. Malwa

A	B	C	D
(A)	4	1	3
(B)	1	3	4
(C)	4	2	1
(D)	3	1	2

31. Kuki is related to which state

- (A) Nagaland (B) Meghalaya  
(C) Manipur (D) Tripura

32. Where are Khasi and Garo tribes mainly found in

- (A) Meghalaya (B) Nagaland  
(C) Mizoram (D) Manipur

33. India's biggest tribal group is

- (A) Bhil (B) Gond  
(C) Santhal (D) Tharu

34. Where are homogenous group "Mango lab" found in India?

- (A) South – Region  
(B) Southern – Central Region  
(C) North – Western Region  
(D) North – East Region







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35. Among the following states, the literacy rate is highest in

- (A) Odisha (B) Punjab  
(C) Maharashtra (D) Mizoram

36. India's population growth is characterized by

- (A) An increase in rate of death  
(B) An increase in ratio of females  
(C) An increase in the birth rate and declining death rate  
(D) Increasing number of old people

37. Among the following States, \_\_\_\_ has the lowest birth rate in India.

- (A) Kerala (B) Uttar Pradesh  
(C) Bihar (D) West Bengal

38. Which of the following states has the lowest literacy rate?

- (A) Kerala (B) Rajasthan  
(C) Bihar (D) Maharashtra

39. What is the Stage in the population cycle in which India is classified on the basis of its demographic characteristics?

- (A) Early expanding stage  
(B) High stationary stage  
(C) Late expanding stage  
(D) Declining Stage

40. Census data released on July 15, 2011 reflects that 13.48 percent urban population lives in

- (A) Uttar Pradesh (B) Bihar  
(C) Maharashtra (D) Rajasthan

41. In the history of India population, which duration period is referred to as 'A great leap forward'?

- (A) 1921 – 1931 (B) 1941 – 1951  
(C) 1951 – 1961 (D) 1971 – 1981

