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**1. When did China start the Civil Services Examination ?**

- (A) 6th A.D (B) 1905  
(C) 1920 (D) 1949

**2. Who was the first Caliph**

- (A) Sulaiman, the Great  
(B) Abu Bakr  
(C) Imam Hussain  
(D) Constantine

**3. In which country is Karbala, the holy city of Shia Muslim located?**

- (A) Iran (B) Iraq  
(C) Jordan (D) Syria

**4. The city of "Tashkent" is located in**

- (A) Uzbekistan (B) Kazakhstan  
(C) Russia (D) Kyrgyzstan

**5. Independence movement of Vietnam was headed by**

- (A) Ngo Dinh Diem (B) Zhou Enlai  
(C) Pol Pot (D) Ho Chi Minh

**6. Which one country is still governed by a monarch?**

- (A) Afghanistan (B) Iran  
(C) Iraq (D) Saudi Arabia

**7. Japan's Parliament is known as**

- (A) Diet (B) Dail  
(C) Yuan (D) Shora

**8. The currency of Thailand is**

- (A) Baht (B) Rupiah  
(C) Yuan (D) Yen

**9. 1911 Revolution of China resulted in**

- (A) Establishment of a Republic  
(B) Federalism  
(C) Democracy

(D) Increased problems of people

**10. East Timor, in Indonesian, Archipelago, was the former colony of**

- (A) Dutch (B) English  
(C) French (D) Portuguese

**11. The world's oldest continuously inhabited city is**

- (A) Jerusalem (B) Baghdad  
(C) Istanbul (D) Damascus

**12. Zend-Avesta is the sacred book of the**

- (A) Parsis (B) Jains  
(C) Jews (D) Buddhists

**13. In which country the Head of the State gets his office by the law of hereditary succession?**

- (A) China (B) Sri Lanka  
(C) France (D) Japan

**14. The Wailing wall is situated in**

- (A) Berlin (B) Beijing  
(C) Jerusalem (D) Tel Aviv

**15. Which of the following is not a religion developed in ancient time (i.e. In B.C)?**

- (A) Shintoism (B) Zoroastrianism  
(C) Islam (D) Tasism

**16. The Chinese Nationalist Party Kuomintang was found by**

- (A) Pu-yi (B) Mao Tse-tung  
(C) Chiang Kai-shek (D) Sun Yat-Sen

**17. The world's first drainage system was build by the people of**

- (A) Egyptian civilization  
(B) Indus valley civilization  
(C) Chinese civilization  
(D) Mesopotamian civilization

**18. The capital of Pakistan till 1959 was**





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(A) Islamabad  
(C) Lahore

(B) Karachi  
(D) Hyderabad

**19. Who was the chairperson of the Chinese Communist Party at the time of liberation of China?**

(A) Zhou Enlai  
(C) Mao Zedong

(B) Deng Xiaoping  
(D) Liu Shaoqi

**20. Peking is the sacred place of**

(A) Taoism  
(C) Confucianism

(B) Shintoism  
(D) Judaism

**21. On which side did Japan fight in the First World War?**

(A) none, it was neutral  
(B) with Germany against United Kingdom  
(C) against Russia on its own  
(D) with United Kingdom against Germany

**22. Indonesia was a colony of which of the following countries?**

(A) Dutch  
(C) Portugal

(B) Spain  
(D) Belgium

**23. The Great Wall of China was built by**

(A) Li-tai-pu  
(C) Lao-tze

(B) Shih Huang-ti  
(D) Confucius

**24. The Crimean War in 1854-1856 was fought between**

(A) Russia and Turkey  
(C) Russia and Japan

(B) USA and England  
(D) England and France

**25. Bangladesh was created in**

(A) 1970  
(C) 1973

(B) 1972  
(D) 1971

**26. Taoism, is an ancient tradition of Philosophy and religious belief deeply rooted in**

(A) Taiwanese custom and world view  
(B) Chinese custom and world view  
(C) Japanese custom and world view

(D) Vietnamese custom and world view

**27. Synagogue is the place of worship of**

(A) Zoroastrianism  
(C) Judaism

(B) Taoism  
(D) Shintoism

**28. Japanese folk tradition and ritual, with no founder or single sacred scripture, is popularly known as**

(A) Taoism  
(C) Shintoism

(B) Zoroastrianism  
(D) Paganism

**29. The chief advocate of Fascism was**

(A) Mussolini  
(C) St. Simon

(B) Adolf Hitler  
(D) Robert Owen

**30. Whose teachings inspired the French Revolution?**

(A) Locke  
(C) Hegel

(B) Rousseau  
(D) Plato

**31. Which two countries were involved in a Hundred Years War?**

(A) Turkey and Austria  
(B) England and France  
(C) Palestine and Israel  
(D) Germany and Russia

**32. Waterloo is located in**

(A) England  
(C) Spain

(B) France  
(D) Belgium

**33. Who is known as the "Lady with the Lamp"?**

(A) Joan of Arc  
(B) Helen Keller  
(C) Florence Nightingale  
(D) Sarojini Naidu

**34. 'Anti Semitism' to Adolf Hitler meant**

(A) Anti Black policy  
(B) Anti Jewish policy  
(C) Anti Protestant policy  
(D) Anti German policy







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**35. In Greek mythology, Apollo is the god of what?**

- (A) Prophecy (B) Medicine  
(C) Love (D) Peace

**36. Who is the Duchess of Cornwall?**

- (A) Diana (B) Camilla  
(C) Anne (D) Margaret

**37. Who among the following is referred to as 'Desert Fox'?**

- (A) Lord Wavell (B) Gen. Eisenhower  
(C) Gen. Rommel (D) Gen. McArthur

**38. Which of the following group of thinkers influenced Fascism?**

- (A) Plato, Machiavelli and Herbert Spencer  
(B) Aristotle, St. Augustine and T.H. Green  
(C) Kant, Fichte, Hegel and Rosenberg  
(D) Karl Marx, Engels and Lenin

**39. Match List-I with List-II and select the correct answer from the code given below the Lists:**

**List - I (Names)**

- a. Hobbes  
b. Rousseau  
c. Locke  
d. Hitler

**List-II (Events)**

1. French Revolution  
2. Glorious Revolution  
3. Execution of Charles I  
4. Second World War

**Code :**

- (A) a b c d  
2 3 1 4  
(B) a b c d  
3 1 2 4  
(C) a b c d  
1 4 2 3  
(D) a b c d  
1 2 4 3

**40. The United Kingdom is a classic example of a/an**

- (A) Aristocracy  
(B) Absolute monarchy  
(C) Constitutional monarchy

(D) Polity

**41. With the fall of which among the following the French Revolution began?**

- (A) Bastille (B) Communes  
(C) Jacobin Club (D) Pilnitz

**42. The island of Corsica is associated with**

- (A) Mussolini  
(B) Hitler  
(C) Napoleon Bonaparte  
(D) Winston Churchill

**43. Marx belonged to**

- (A) Germany (B) Holland  
(C) France (D) Britain

**44. The Industrial Revolution in England represented the climax of the transition from**

- (A) slavery to feudalism  
(B) feudalism to capitalism  
(C) capitalism to socialism  
(D) socialism to market socialism

**45. When did the Soviet Union disintegrated into 15 Independent Republics?**

- (A) 1990 (B) 1991  
(C) 1992 (D) 1993

**46. Where did the practice of Shadow Cabinet originate?**

- (A) United States of America  
(B) Great Britain  
(C) Italy  
(D) France

**47. The Treaty of Versailles humiliated**

- (A) Austria (B) Germany  
(C) England (D) France

**48. 'Liberty, Equality and Fraternity' is the call associated with**





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- (A) American Revolution  
(B) French Revolution  
(C) Chinese Revolution  
(D) Russian Revolution

**49. Hitler became the Chancellor of Germany in**

- (A) 1930 (B) 1929  
(C) 1936 (D) 1933

**50. Match the following :**

**List- I**

- A. Fascism  
B. Democracy  
C. Nazism  
D. Socialism

- (A) A-1 B-4 C-2 D-3  
(C) A-3 B-4 C-1 D-2

**List- II**

1. Adolf Hitler  
2. Lenin  
3. Mussolini  
4. Woodrow Wilson

- (B) A-4 B-3 C-2 D-1  
(D) A-3 B-1 C-4 D-2

**51. The Opium wars were fought between**

- (A) Britain and China (B) Britain and India  
(C) India and China (D) Britain and Japan

**52. Who was the first Prime-Minister of Great Britain?**

- (A) Oliver Cromwell (B) Benjamin Disraeli  
(C) Robert Walpole (D) Gladstone

**53. Where was St. Paul beheaded?**

- (A) Rome (B) Ephesus  
(C) Kusadasi (D) Jerusalem

**54. The British Conservative Party was earlier known as**

- (A) Whigs (B) Levellers  
(C) Fabians (D) Tories

**55. Who said 'I am the State'?**

- (A) James II of England  
(B) Napoleon I of France  
(C) Louis XIV of France  
(D) Hitler of Germany

**56. Karl Marx lived in exile and wrote from**

- (A) Moscow (B) London  
(C) Paris (D) Stockholm

**57. Napoleon-I and the Duke of Wellington fought the famous**

- (A) Battle of Austerlitz (B) Battle of Leipzig  
(C) Battle of Borodini (D) Battle of Waterloo

**58. Absolute sovereign power of the Monarch was advocated by**

- (A) Thomas Hobbes (B) Rousseau  
(C) John Locke (D) Karl Marx

**59. Alexander the Great died in 323 B.C. in**

- (A) Persia (B) Babylon  
(C) Macedonia (D) Taxila

**60. When was the first of the Geneva Conventions on the treatment of war victims adopted?**

- (A) 1832 (B) 1857  
(C) 1864 (D) 1909

**61. Who is the oldest British monarch to sit on the Throne?**

- (A) Queen Victoria (B) Queen Elizabeth-II  
(C) Queen Mary Tudor (D) Queen Anne

**62. Which country emerged as the biggest colonial power at the end of the nineteenth century?**

- (A) France (B) Spain  
(C) Britain (D) Germany

**63. Where was Christopher Columbus from**

- (A) Venice (B) Genoa  
(C) Spain (D) Portugal

**64. Of the following, in which did Napolenic France suffer final defeat?**

- (A) Battle of Trafalgar (B) Battle of Wagram  
(C) Battle of Pyramids (D) Battle of Austerlitz

**65. According to Marx, the source of value is**

- (A) Capital (B) Land







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(C) Labour

(D) None of the above

66. "The word impossible is found in the dictionary of fools" was the famous quote of :

(A) Hitler

(B) Alexander the Great

(C) Julius Caesar

(D) Napoleon

67. "What is the Third Estate?" Pamphlet associated with the French Revolution, was written by :

(A) Marquis - Lafayette

(B) Edmund Burke

(C) Joseph Foulon

(D) Abbe Sieyes

68. Which of the following countries is regarded as the home of 'Fabian Socialism'?

(A) Russia

(B) England

(C) France

(D) Italy

69. Who amongst the following was not associated with the Unification of Italy?

(A) Cavour

(B) Garibaldi

(C) Mussolini

(D) Mazzini

70. Who among the following played a prominent role during the "Reign of Terror" In France?

(A) Voltaire

(B) Marat

(C) Robespierre

(D) Montesquieu

71. Potato was introduced to Europe by :

(A) Portuguese

(B) Germans

(C) Spanish

(D) Dutch

72. Marxian materialism came from the idea of

(A) Hegel

(B) Feuerbach

(C) Darwin

(D) Engels

73. Napoleon got finally overthrown in the Battle of Waterloo in the year

(A) 1814

(B) 1813

(C) 1815

(D) 1816

74. The Declaration of the Rights of Man is related with

(A) The Russian Revolution

(B) The French Revolution

(C) The American War of Independence

(D) The Glorious Revolution of England

75. The policy of 'imperial preferences' adopted by Britain in its colonies in 1932 is also known as the

(A) Hong Kong Agreement

(B) London Agreement

(C) Ottawa Agreement

(D) Paris Agreement

76. Who said, "Adolf Hitler is Germany and Germany is Adolf Hitler. He who pledges himself to Hitler pledges himself to Germany"?

(A) R. Hess

(B) Mussolini

(C) Hitler

(D) Communist International

77. Who has called the Prime Minister Primus inter pares (first among equals)?

(A) Morely

(B) Harcourt

(C) Laski

(D) Lowell

78. The slogan of the French Revolution was

(A) One nation, one leader and one flag

(B) Government of the people, by the people and for the people

(C) Liberty, equality and fraternity

(D) None of these

79. Pablo Picasso, the famous painter was

(A) French

(B) Italian

(C) Flemish

(D) Spanish

80. 1917 is known for

(A) Battle of Trafalgar

(B) Battle of Waterloo

(C) End of the World War I

(D) The Russian Revolution







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**81. Who was a founder member of the Russian Populist Movement "Anarchism"?**

- (A) Mikhail Bakunin (B) Gorkhy  
(C) Leo Tolstoy (D) Turganew

**82. Fascism believes in the application of the principle of :**

- (A) Dictatorship (B) Democracy  
(C) Utilitarianism (D) Totalitarianism

**83. What is 'Reformation'?**

- (A) Rise of absolute monarchy  
(B) Revival of classical learning  
(C) The revolt against authority of pope  
(D) Change in attitude of man

**84. The National Emblem of Italy is:**

- (A) Eagle (B) White Eagle  
(C) White Lily (D) Lily

**85. Who advocated Nazism in Germany?**

- (A) Frederick William IV  
(B) Adolf Hitler  
(C) Bismarck  
(D) William III

**86. John Locke pro founded**

- (A) Social Contract Theory  
(B) Theory of Divine Rights  
(C) Patriarchal Theory  
(D) Theory of Force

**87. The Greek viewed "politics" on the basis of :**

- (A) Both ethical and legalistic terms  
(B) Ethical terms  
(C) Terms of power  
(D) Legalistic terms

**88. "The Three Emperors League" 1873 was also known as**

- (A) Dreikaiserbund Treaty  
(B) Triple Alliance

- (C) Reinsurance Treaty  
(D) The Dual Alliance

**89. From which country did the USA purchase Alaska to make it the 49th federating state?**

- (A) Canada (B) Britain  
(C) Russia (D) France

**90. The American Civil War saw the end of**

- (A) Slavery (B) Landlordism  
(C) Monarchy (D) Apartheid

**91. In U.S.A. the President is elected by**

- (A) The Senate  
(B) Universal Adult Franchise  
(C) The House of Representatives  
(D) The Congress

**92. The declaration that Democracy is a Government 'of the people, by the people' was made by**

- (A) George Washington  
(B) Winston Churchill  
(C) Abraham Lincoln  
(D) Theodore Roosevelt

**93. Pearl Harbour, where the American Pacific Fleet was stationed, was attacked by Japanese in**

- (A) 1935 (B) 1939  
(C) 1941 (D) 1944

**94. Who was the Chief Architect of the World Trade Centre 'New York'?**

- (A) Le Corbusier  
(B) Minoru Yamasaki  
(C) Edwin Lutyens  
(D) Charles Correa

**95. That all appointments made by the President and all treaties signed by him must be ratified by the Senate in U.S.A. indicates**

- (A) Theory of separation of powers  
(B) Theory of checks and balances  
(C) Due process of law





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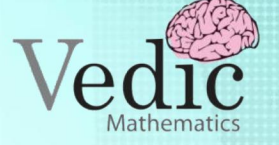
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(D) Rule of law

96. Pearl Harbour, an American Naval and Airforce base was attacked by

- (A) Germany (B) Japan  
(C) France (D) England

97. Who was the American leader who led a non-violent movement to obtain full civil rights for American Negroes?

- (A) Abraham Lincoln  
(B) John F. Kennedy  
(C) Martin Luther King-Junior  
(D) George Washington

98. Who discovered America?

- (A) Vasco-da Gama (B) Columbus  
(C) Captain Cook (D) Amundsen

99. Which one of the following U.S. President visited China in 1972 for strengthening diplomatic ties?

- (A) Richard Nixon (B) George Bush (Senior)  
(C) D Eisenhower (D) J.F. Kennedy

100. The Declaration of American Independence was based on the theory of

- (A) Civil Rights (B) Moral Rights  
(C) Legal Rights (D) Natural Rights

