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Chapter - 05

Mughal Empire

1. Who got constructed 'Grand Trunk Road'?

- (A) Akbar (B) Ashoka
(C) Shershah Suri (D) Samudra Gupta

2. What do you mean by Mughal Zagir?

- (A) Providing rent free land
(B) Zamidar's property
(C) Giving officer a right to revenue
(D) Giving cash salary to Mansabdar

3. The dead body of Babar by his own choice lies buried in

- (A) Agra (B) Farghana
(C) Samarqand (D) Kabul

4. Where did Babar die?

- (A) Agra (B) Kabul
(C) Lahore (D) Delhi

5. Humayun Nama was written by

- (A) Humayun (B) Akbar
(C) Abul Fazl (D) Gulbadan Begum

6. Which of the following Mughal monarchs has vividly described Indian flora & fauna, seasons, fruits etc. in his diary?

- (A) Akbar (B) Jahangir
(C) Babur (D) Aurangzeb

7. Humayun had to run away from India after he was defeated in the battle of

- (A) Panipat (B) Ghagra
(C) Khanwa (D) Kannauj

8. Babur was succeeded to the Mughal throne by

- (A) Sher Shah (B) Akbar
(C) Humayun (D) Bhadur Shah

9. The first Mughal emperor of India was

- (A) Shahjahan (B) Humayun
(C) Babar (D) Akbar

10. Sher Shah defeated Humayun and captured Gaur in the battle of

- (A) Ghaghra in 1529 A.D.
(B) Chausa in 1539 A.D.
(C) Panipat in 1526 A.D.
(D) Khanwa in 1527 A.D.

11. In the battle of Panipat, Babar faced the armies of

- (A) Jaichand (B) Hemu
(C) Daulat khan (D) Ibrahim Lodi

12. Who among the following was the first to make use of artillery in warfare in medieval India?

- (A) Babur (B) Ibrahim Lodi
(C) Sher Shah Suri (D) Akbar

13. Babur was born in the year

- (A) 1483 (B) 1583
(C) 1683 (D) 1783

14. Humayun (1530-1540 AD) was the ruler of which dynasty?

- (A) Nanda (B) Mughal
(C) Maurya (D) Haryanka

15. Babur (1526-1530 AD) was the ruler of which dynasty?

- (A) Mughal (B) Nanda
(C) Maurya (D) Haryanka

16. Humayun was born in the year _____.

- (A) 1508 (B) 1608
(C) 1708 (D) 1808

17. Which Mughal Emperor fought the battle of Panipat in 1526?

- (A) Babur (B) Humayun





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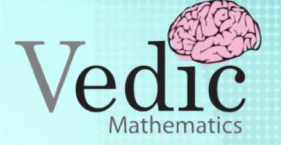
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(C) Akbar

(D) Aurangzeb

18. Battle of Kannauj in 1540 was fought between Sher Shah and ____.

(A) Babur

(B) Humayun

(C) Akbar

(D) Aurangzeb

19. The writer of Ram Charit Manas, Tulsidas, was related to which ruler?

(A) Chandragupta Maurya

(B) Nawab Vajib Ali Sah

(C) Harsha

(D) Akbar

20. Who among the following was an illiterate?

(A) Jahagir

(B) Shah Jahan

(C) Akbar

(D) Aurangzeb

21. The Battle of Haldighati was fought between

(A) Akbar and Rana Sangram Singh

(B) Akbar and Medini Rai

(C) Akbar and Rana Pratap Singh

(D) Akbar and Uday Singh

22. The Mir Bakshi of the Mughal Emperors was the head of

(A) Intelligence

(B) Foreign affairs

(C) Army organisation

(D) Finance

23. The Mughal Emperor who discouraged 'Sati' was

(A) Babur

(B) Humayun

(C) Akbar

(D) Jahangir

24. Who of the following was the biographer of Akbar?

(A) Abul Fazl

(B) Faizi

(C) Abdul Nabi Khan

(D) Birbal

25. Tansen, a great musician of his times, was in the Court of

(A) Jahangir

(B) Akbar

(C) Shahjahan

(D) Bahadur Shah

26. "Din-i-Ilhai" was the new religion started by

(A) Humayun

(B) Jahangir

(C) Akbar

(D) Shahjahan

27. The innovator of the Revenue settlement during the rule of Akbar was

(A) Raja Mansingh

(B) Raja Bhagwan Das

(C) Raja Todarmal

(D) Raja Birbal

28. What was the age of Akbar at the time of his coronation at Kalanaur?

(A) Thirteen

(B) Fifteen

(C) Eighteen

(D) Twenty

29. The only Hindu Courtier of Akbar who accepted Din-in-Ilahi was:

(A) Todarmal

(B) Birbal

(C) Tansen

(D) Man Singh

30. Who was the regent of Akbar in his early days?

(A) Abul Fazl

(B) Bairam Khan

(C) Tansen

(D) Todarmal

31. Rana Pratap Singh of Mewar was defeated by the Mughal army in the battle of

(A) Mewar

(B) Chittor

(C) Haldighati

(D) Udaipur

32. Who among the following attacked the Somnath temple?

(A) Mahmud of Ghazni

(B) Muhammad Ghori

(C) Iltutmish

(D) Qutbuddin Aibak

33. Which was the second capital of Akbar?

(A) Delhi

(B) Agra

(C) Fatehpur Sikri

(D) Patna

34. Akbar held his religious discussion in

(A) Jodhabai's Palace

(B) Panch Mahal





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(C) Ibadat Khana (D) Buland Darwaza

(A) 1776 (B) 1676
(C) 1576 (D) 1476

35. Who among the following rulers abolished Jiziya?

(A) Aurangzeb (B) Balban
(C) Akbar (D) Jahangir

44. During Akbar's reign who was the Finance Minister of the Mughal empire?

(A) Raja Todar Mal (B) Man Singh I
(C) Birbal (D) Tansen

36. Which of the following writers has called Akbar's Din-i-Ilahi as a monument of his folly, not of wisdom?

(A) Badayuni (B) Vinset Smith
(C) Barni (D) W.Haig

45. To whom did Akbar gave the title Miyan?

(A) Raja Todar Mal (B) Man Singh I
(C) Birbal (D) Tansen

37. Who introduced Mansabdari system in India?

(A) Babur (B) Humayun
(C) Akbar (D) Jahangir

46. Battle for Delhi was fought in the year ____.

(A) 1764 (B) 1526
(C) 1556 (D) 1857

38. Chand Bibi was the ruler of

(A) Ahmednagar (B) Bijapur
(C) Satara (D) Golconda

47. Birbal was an advisor in the court of?

(A) Babur (B) Akbar
(C) Aurangzeb (D) Jahangir

39. Who was appointed by Akbar as his Court Musician?

(A) Abul Fazal (B) Miyan Tansen
(C) Raja Birbal (D) Raja Todar Mal

48. Whom did Akbar defeat in the 2nd battle of Panipat in 1556?

(A) Genghis Khan
(B) Nadir Shah
(C) Hemu Vikramaditya
(D) Bajirao I

40. Akbar (1556-1605 AD) was the ruler of which dynasty?

(A) Nanda (B) Maurya
(C) Mughal (D) Haryanka

49. The Ibadat Khana was a meeting house built by which Mughal Emperor?

(A) Babur (B) Humayun
(C) Akbar (D) Aurangzeb

41. In Akbar's regime, ____ was the military head.

(A) Sultan Ahmed Fawad
(B) Suri Moja
(C) Mir Khaas
(D) Mir Bakshi

50. Who was the architect who designed "Taj Mahal?"

(A) Muhammad Hussain
(B) Ustad-Ahmed-Lahauri
(C) Shah Isa
(D) Ismail

42. Who was the trusted General of the Mughal emperor Akbar?

(A) Raja Todar Mal (B) Man Singh I
(C) Birbal (D) Tansen

51. Shah Jahan built the Moti Masjid at

(A) Delhi (B) Jaipur
(C) Agra (D) Amarkot

43. When was the battle of Haldighati fought?





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52. Which among the following fort was known as the 'key of Deccan'?

- (A) Kalinjar (B) Ajaygarh
(C) Asirgarh (D) Gulbarga

53. Mughal presence in the Red fort ceased

- (A) Robert Clive (B) Lord hording
(C) Heuroz (D) John Nicholsan

54. The foreign traveller who visited Indian during the Mughal Period and who left us an expert's description of the Peacock Throne, was

- (A) Geronimo Verroneo
(B) 'Omrah' Danishmand khan
(C) Tavernier
(D) Austinof Bordeaux

55. Which one of the following Mughal buildings is said to possess the unique feature of being exactly equal in length and breadth?

- (A) Agra Fort (B) Red Fort
(C) Taj Mahal (D) Buland Darwaza

56. Who of the following was sent as an ambassador to the royal court of Jahangir by James I, the king of England?

- (A) John Hawkins (B) Willia Todd
(C) Sir Thomas Roe (D) Sir Walter Raleigh

57. Match the following:

I		II	
(i) Tughlaqabad Fort		1. Alauddin Khilji	
(ii) Red Fort (Delhi)		2. Shah Jahan	
(iii) Hauz Khas		3. Akbar	
(iv) Red Fort (Agra)		4. Ghiyas-ud-din-Tughlaq	
	i	ii	iii
(A)	1	2	3
(B)	4	2	1
(C)	4	3	2
(D)	3	1	4

58. Which of the undermentioned facts about Taj Mahal is not correct?

- (A) It is a magnificent mausoleum
(B) It was built by Shah Jahan
(C) It is situated outside Agra Fort
(D) The names of artisans who built it are engraved on it.

59. Who wrote Akbarnama?

- (A) Akbar (B) Birbal
(C) Abul Fazal (D) Bhagavan Das

60. The first Indian Hindi Scholar of the Mughal period was

- (A) Malik Muhammed Jayasi
(B) Abdur Rahim
(C) Mulla Wajhi
(D) Chand Bardai

61. The Upanishads were translated by Dara Shikoh in Persian under the title of

- (A) Mayma-ul-Bahrain (B) Sirr-i-Akbar
(C) Al-Fihrist (D) Kitabul Bayan

62. Painting reached its highest level of development during the reign of

- (A) Akbar (B) Aurangzeb
(C) Jahangir (D) Shahjahan

63. Who translated Ramayana into Persian?

- (A) Abul Fazal (B) Badauni
(C) Abdul Latif (D) Isar Das

64. The famous Peacock Throne of Shah Jahan was taken away in 1739 by

- (A) Afghan invader Ahmed Shah Abdali
(B) Persian invader Nadir Shah
(C) Mongol invader Chengiz Khan
(D) British East India Company

65. What does Jahangir mean?

- (A) National Monarch
(B) The Grand Monarch
(C) Conqueror of the world





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(D) Hero of hundred battles

66. The French East India Company was founded in

- (A) 1600 (B) 1620
(C) 1664 (D) 1604

67. What was the name of the Hall of Worship constructed by Akbar?

- (A) Diwan-e-khas (B) Diwan-e-Aam
(C) Ibadat Khana (D) Buland Darwaza

68. The reputed musician duo, Tansen and Baiju Bawra, flourished during the reign of

- (A) Jahangir (B) Bahadur Shah Zafar
(C) Akbar (D) Shah Jahan

69. During Akbar's reign the Mahabharat was translated into Persian and is known as

- (A) Iqbal Nama (B) Razm Nama
(C) Akbar Nama (D) Sakinat-ul-Auliya

70. Who among the following Mughal emperors, brought about the fall of Sayyid Brothers?

- (A) Bahadur Shah I (B) Rafi-ud-daulah
(C) Shah Jahan II (D) Muhammad Shah

71. Where is the Bada Imambara located?

- (A) Agra (B) Lucknow
(C) Patna (D) Allahabad

72. The Inam land was one which was assigned to

- (A) Scholars and religious persons
(B) Mansabdars
(C) Hereditary revenue collectors
(D) Nobles

73. The court language of the Mughals was

- (A) Urdu (B) Hindi
(C) Arabic (D) Persian

74. The second Battle of Panipat was fought between

- (A) Akbar and Hemu
(B) Rajputs and Mughals
(C) Babur and Ibrahim Lodi
(D) Sikander and Adilshah

75. Which of the following was built by Akbar to commemorate his conquest of Khandesh in Gujarat?

- (A) Bada Imambara (B) Buland Darwaza
(C) Jama Masjid (D) Siddi Bashir

76. Name the king who invaded Delhi and plundered the Kohinoor Diamond.

- (A) Nadir Shah (B) Firuz Shah
(C) Mohammed Shah (D) Mohammed Gori

77. The innovator of the Revenue settlement during the rule of Akbar was

- (A) Raja Mansingh (B) Raja Bhagwan Das
(C) Raja Todarmal (D) Raja Birbal

78. Name the language that was designated as the 'Camp Language' during the Medieval Period

- (A) Sanskrit (B) Pali
(C) Hindi (D) Urdu

79. A renowned Jain scholar who was greatly honoured by Akbar was

- (A) Hemachandra (B) Harivijaya
(C) Vastupala (D) Bhadrabahu

80. Which one is not situated at Fatehpur Sikri?

- (A) The Panch Mahal
(B) Moti Masjid
(C) Tomb of Salim Chishti
(D) The Mariam Palace

81. Bahadur Shah was the

- (A) Last ruler of the Lodis
(B) Successor of Sher Shah Suri
(C) Last Mughal ruler
(D) Successor of the Maratha ruler Shivaji





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82. Who was the author of Gita Govinda?

- (A) Jayadeva (B) Kalhana
(C) Kalidasa (D) Raja Rao

83. In which of the following towns is "Moti Masjid" situated?

- (A) Agra (B) Jaipur
(C) Lahore (D) Ahmedabad

84. Find out the correct match of the following

- (A) Asaf Khan – Akbar
(B) Adam Khan – Akbar
(C) Bairam Khan – Akbar
(D) Shaista Khan – Akbar

85. Which of the following Mughal emperors is credited with composition of Hindi songs?

- (A) Babar (B) Akbar
(C) Jahangir (D) Shahjahan

86. Humayun had to run away from India after he was defeated in the battle of

- (A) Panipat (B) Ghagra
(C) Khanwa (D) Kannauj

87. Which one of the following monuments in Delhi is not included as a World Heritage Site?

- (A) Red Fort (B) Humayan's Tomb
(C) Qutub Minar (D) Jantar Mantar

88. Who got the Gita translated into Persian?

- (A) Shah Jahan (B) Akbar
(C) Murad (D) Dara Shikoh

89. Who amongst the following succeeded Aurangzeb?

- (A) Azam shah (B) kam Baksh
(C) Akbar II (D) Mauzzam

90. Bibi-Ka-Maqbara is located in India at

- (A) Fatehpur Sikri (B) Aurangabad

(C) Hyderabad

(D) Jaunpur

91. Where did Aurangzeb die?

- (A) Pune (B) Aurangabad
(C) Ahmad nagar (D) Mumbai

92. Which of the following Mughal Emperors wrote their own autobiographies?

- (A) Shah Alam and Farukh Siyar
(B) Babur and Jahangir
(C) Jahangir and Shah Jahan
(D) Akbr and Aurangzeb

93. Name the Indian king who warmly received the Portuguese traveller Vasco da Gama when he landed at Calicut.

- (A) Asaf Jah Ismail Mulk
(B) Devaraya
(C) Zamorin
(D) Krishnadevaraya

94. Which was the second capital of Akbar?

- (A) Delhi (B) Agra
(C) Fatehpur Sikri (D) Patna

95. The tomb of Jahangir was built at

- (A) Gujarat (B) Delhi
(C) Lahor (D) Agra

96. What was the original name of Nur Jahan?

- (A) Zeb-un-Nissa (B) Fatima Begum
(C) Mehr-un-Nissa (D) Jahanara

97. Sher Shah defeated Humayan and captured Gaur in the battle of

- (A) Ghaghra in 1529 A.D.
(B) Chausa in 1539 A.D.
(C) Panipat in 1526 A.D.
(D) Khanwa in 1527 A.D.

98. Which of the following forts was not built by Akbar?

- (A) Gwalior Fort (B) Agra Fort





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(C) Lahore Fort (D) Allahabad Fort

99. Who constructed Humayun's tomb in Delhi?

- (A) Babar (B) Akbar
(C) Haji Begum (D) Humayun

100. Who of the following became a member of the "Din-i-Ilahi"?

- (A) Todarmal (B) Raja Birbal
(C) Raja Man Singh (D) Tansen

101. Jahangir was born in the year

- (A) 1569 (B) 1669
(C) 1769 (D) 1869

102. Noor Jahan was wife of which Mughal Emperor?

- (A) Akbar (B) Aurangzeb
(C) Jahangir (D) Shah Jahan

103. Jahangir was the son of?

- (A) Babur (B) Humayun
(C) Akbar (D) Shah Jahan

104. Jahangir (1605-1627 AD) was the ruler of which dynasty?

- (A) Nanda (B) Haryanka
(C) Maurya (D) Mughal

105. Who amongst the following succeeded Aurangzeb?

- (A) Azam (B) kam Baksh
(C) Akbar II (D) Mauzzam

106. Which Mughal Emperor transferred the Mughal Capital from Agra to Delhi?

- (A) Jahangir (B) Aurangzeb
(C) Shahjahan (D) Bahadur Shah

107. Aurangzeb put his father under house arrest in Agra Fort.

- (A) Humayun (B) Shah Jahan
(C) Akbar (D) Bahadur Shah

108. Aurangzeb (1658-1707 AD) was the ruler of which dynasty?

- (A) Nanda (B) Mughal
(C) Maurya (D) Haryanka

109. Aurangzeb was the son of ____.

- (A) Babur (B) Humayun
(C) Akbar (D) Shah Jahan

110. Where is Muslim mosque situated where a hair of pagamber Mohammad Sahed has been preserved.

- (A) Ajmer (B) Ahmedabad
(C) Srinagar (D) Mecca

111. The Mughal painting reaches its/zenith during the reign of:

- (A) Akbar (B) Jahangir
(C) Shahjahan (D) Akbar - II

112. Who was the last Mughal emperor?

- (A) Babar (B) Noor Jehan
(C) Akbar (D) Bahadur Shah

113. Bahadur Shah (First) was born in the year ____.

- (A) 1543 (B) 1643
(C) 1743 (D) 1843

114. Who are credited to a large extent for ending the Mughal rule in India?

- (A) Mauryas (B) Cholas
(C) Guptas (D) Marathas

115. In 1739, who defeated the Mughal army at the Battle of Karnal?

- (A) Nader Shah
(B) Genghis Khan
(C) Hemu Vikramaditya
(D) Bajirao I

116. Second battle of Panipat was fought between which two armies?

- (A) Babur and Lodi Empire





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- (B) Babur and Rana Sanga
(C) Akbar and Hemu
(D) Akbar and Rana of Mewar

117. Who among the following was also known as 'Zinda Pir'?

- (A) Akbar (B) Jahangir
(C) Shahjahan (D) Aurangzeb

118. Which of the following pair is INCORRECT?

- (A) Abul Fazal - Chief Advisor
(B) Faizi - Poet
(C) Birbal - Finance Minister
(D) All are correct

119. Who had built the 'Amer Fort'?

- (A) Akbar (B) Raja Man Singh
(C) Uday Singh II (D) Maharana Pratap

120. In which century Bhakti movement began?

- (A) 6th century (B) 7th century
(C) 8th century (D) 9th century

121. Who defeated Humayun in the battle of Chausa?

- (A) Muhammad Adil Shah
(B) Firoz Shah Suri
(C) Sikandar Shah Suri
(D) Sher Shah Suri

122. In which year (in A.D) did Babur invaded India?

- (A) 1530 (B) 1520
(C) 1526 (D) 1550

123. Who built Red Fort?

- (A) Humayun (B) Akbar
(C) Shah Jahan (D) Aurangzeb

124. Who was the founder of the Mughal Empire?

- (A) Akbar (B) Babur
(C) Shah Jahan (D) Jahangir

125. Which Mughal emperor built the Taj Mahal?

- (A) Aurangzeb (B) Jahangir
(C) Shah Jahan (D) Akbar

126. Who was the longest-reigning Mughal emperor?

- (A) Akbar (B) Aurangzeb
(C) Jahangir (D) Shah Jahan

127. Which battle is considered the decisive victory for Akbar, securing his reign over North India?

- (A) Battle of Panipat
(B) Battle of Haldighati
(C) Battle of Plassey
(D) Second Battle of Panipat

128. Who was Akbar's regent and guardian during his early years?

- (A) Birbal (B) Raja Todar Mal
(C) Bairam Khan (D) Tansen

129. Which Mughal emperor is known for his religious tolerance and policy of Sulh-e-kul?

- (A) Babur (B) Jahangir
(C) Akbar (D) Aurangzeb

130. The Mughal Empire reached its territorial zenith under the reign of which emperor?

- (A) Babur (B) Akbar
(C) Jahangir (D) Aurangzeb

131. Who was the son of Shah Jahan who later imprisoned him to seize the throne?

- (A) Aurangzeb (B) Dara Shikoh
(C) Murad Baksh (D) Shah Shuja

132. Which Mughal emperor imposed the Jizya tax on non-Muslims?

- (A) Babur (B) Akbar
(C) Aurangzeb (D) Jahangir

133. Who among the following Mughal emperors was a notable patron of the arts and sciences?

- (A) Babur (B) Akbar





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C) Aurangzeb

D) Shah Jahan

134. The Mughal Empire reached its cultural peak during the reign of which emperor?

A) Akbar

B) Aurangzeb

C) Shah Jahan

D) Jahangir

135. Which Mughal emperor was known for his love for gardens and built the Shalimar Bagh in Srinagar?

A) Akbar

B) Jahangir

C) Shah Jahan

D) Aurangzeb

136. Who was the Mughal emperor at the time of the British East India Company's establishment in India?

A) Shah Jahan

B) Jahangir

C) Akbar

D) Aurangzeb

137. Who was the Mughal emperor responsible for the construction of the Red Fort in Delhi?

A) Aurangzeb

B) Shah Jahan

C) Akbar

D) Jahangir

138. Which Mughal emperor was deposed and imprisoned by his son Aurangzeb?

A) Shah Jahan

B) Jahangir

C) Akbar

D) Bahadur Shah II

139. Which of the following Mughal emperors is known for his efforts to impose Sharia law and revive orthodox Sunni Islam?

A) Akbar

B) Aurangzeb

C) Shah Jahan

D) Jahangir

140. Who was the Mughal emperor when the East India Company was granted the Diwani rights of Bengal, Bihar, and Orissa?

A) Jahangir

B) Akbar

C) Shah Alam II

D) Aurangzeb

141. Which Mughal emperor was known for his policies of decentralization and religious tolerance?

A) Aurangzeb

B) Akbar

C) Shah Jahan

D) Jahangir

142. The Persian influence on Mughal culture reached its peak during the reign of which emperor?

A) Shah Jahan

B) Akbar

C) Jahangir

D) Aurangzeb

143. Who among the following Mughal emperors was known for his interest in painting and was an accomplished artist himself?

A) Aurangzeb

B) Akbar

C) Jahangir

D) Shah Jahan

144. Who was the Mughal emperor when the British East India Company established its first factory in Surat?

A) Shah Jahan

B) Jahangir

C) Akbar

D) Aurangzeb

145. Which Mughal emperor is associated with the Din-i Ilahi, a syncretic religion that blended elements of Islam with other faiths?

A) Babur

B) Jahangir

C) Akbar

D) Aurangzeb

146. Who among the following Mughal emperors is known for his patronage of music, especially the development of the Hindustani classical music tradition?

A) Shah Jahan

B) Aurangzeb

C) Jahangir

D) Akbar

147. Who was the last Mughal emperor to rule independently before the British East India Company took control of India?

A) Bahadur Shah I

B) Shah Alam II

C) Aurangzeb

D) Bahadur Shah II

148. Which Mughal emperor is known for his construction of the Jama Masjid in Delhi, the largest mosque in India?

A) Shah Jahan

B) Aurangzeb

C) Jahangir

D) Akbar





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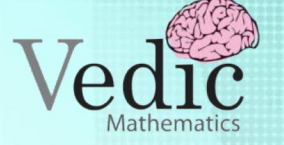
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149. Who was the Mughal emperor during the Revolt of 1857, also known as the Indian Rebellion or the First War of Independence?

- A) Bahadur Shah I B) Aurangzeb
C) Shah Alam II D) Bahadur Shah II

150. Which Mughal emperor is associated with the promotion of Urdu language and poetry?

- A) Aurangzeb B) Shah Jahan
C) Jahangir D) Akbar

