

Spardhaguru India Private Limited Profit X after Discount Y

10 Years of Excellence



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1) A shopkeeper marks his goods 20% above his cost price and gives 15% discount on the marked price. His gain percent is

- a) 1%
- b) 2%
- c) 5%
- d) 4%

2) The marked price of a radio is Rs.4, 800. The shopkeeper allows a discount of 10% and gains 8%. If no discount is allowed, his gain per cent will be

- a) 25%
- b) 22%
- c) 18%
- d) 20%

3) The marked price of an electric iron is Rs.690. The shopkeeper allows a discount of 10% and gains 8%. If no discount is allowed, his gain per cent would be

- a) 28%
- b) 25%
- c) 20%
- d) 24%

4) How much percent more than the cost price should a shopkeeper mark his goods so that after allowing a discount of 25% on the marked price, he gains 20%?

- a) 55%
- b) 60%
- c) 70%
- d) 50%

5) An article of cost price Rs.8, 000 is marl 200. After allowing a discount of x% a profit of 12% is made. The value of x is

- a) 23%
- b) 22%
- c) 21%
- d) 20%

6) A trader sells his goods at a discount of 20%. He still makes a profit of 25%. If he sells the goods at the marked price only, his profit will be

- a) 54.25%
- b) 50.25%
- c) 56.25%
- d) 25.56%

7) The cost of manufacturing an article was Rs.900. The trader wants to gain 25% after

giving a discount of 10%. The marked price must be:

- a) Rs.1000
- b) Rs.1200
- c) Rs.1500
- d) Rs.1250

8) A shopkeeper buys an article for Rs.180. He wishes to gain 20% after allowing a discount of 10% on the marked price to the customer. The marked price will be

- a) Rs.300
- b) Rs.270
- c) Rs.210
- d) Rs.240

9) The true discount on Rs.1, 860 due after a certain time at 5% is Rs.60. Find the time after which it is due.

- a) 1 year
- b) 9 months
- c) 10 months
- d) 8 months

10) After allowing a discount of 12% on the marke price, a shopkeeper still gains 21%. The marked price is above the cost price by

- a) 42.5%
- b) 37.5%
- c) 25%
- d) 30%

11) A shopkeeper earns a profit of 12% on selling book at 10% discount on the printed price. The ratio of the cost price and the printed price of the book is

- a) 47 : 51
- b) 47 : 56
- c) 45:56
- d) 45:51

discount on the marked price to his customers. At what per cent higher than the cost price must he marks his goods?

- a) 35%
- b) $34\frac{2}{3}\%$
- c) 30%
- d) 33 $\frac{1}{2}$ %

13) By giving a discount of 10% on the marked price of Rs.1100 of a cycle, a dealer gains 10%. The cost price of the cycle is:

- a) Rs.891
- b) Rs.1089
- c) Rs.1100
- d) Rs.900

Page | 1





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14) The marked price of an article is Rs.200. A discount of $12\frac{1}{2}\%$ is allowed on the marked price and a profit of 25% is made. The cost price of the article is:

a) Rs.140

b) Rs.120

c) Rs.200

d) Rs.175

15) A profit of I0% is made after giving a discount of 5% on a T. V. If the marked price of the TV is Rs.2640.00, the cost price of the TV was:

a) Rs.2396

b) Rs.2380

c) Rs.2280

d) Rs.2296

16) A shopkeeper offers 10% discount on the marked price of his articles and still makes a profit of 20%. What is the actual cost of the article marked Rs.500 for him?

a) Rs.375

b) Rs.400

c) Rs.440

d) Rs.425

17) The price that Akbar should mark on a pair of shoes which costs him Rs.1,200 to gain 12% after allowing a discount of 16% (in rupees) is

a) 1,500

b) 1,600

c) 1,344

d) 1,433

18) In order to maintain the price line a trader allows a discount of 10% on the marked price of an article. However, he still makes a profit of 17% on the cost price. Had he sold the article at the marked price, he would have earned a profit per cent of

a) 35%

b) 33%

c) 30%

d) 32%

19) A manufacturer marked an article at Rs.50 and sold it allowing 20% discount. If his profit was 25%, then the cost price of the article was

a) Rs.30

b) Rs.32

c) Rs.40

d) Rs.35

20) A shopkeeper marks his goods 40% above the cost price. He allows a discount of 5% for cash payment to

his customers. He receives Rs.1064 after paying the discount. His profit is

a) Rs.800

b) Rs.200

c) Rs.264

d) Rs.164

21) A grinder was marked at Rs.3, 600. After given a discount of 10% the dealer made a profit of 8%. Calculate the cost price.

a) Rs.2, 960

b) Rs.3, 240

c) Rs.3, 000

d) Rs.3, 312

22) A dealer offers a discount of 10% on the marked price of an article and still makes a profit of 20%. If its marked price is Rs.800, then the cost price of the article

a) Rs.600

b) Rs.700

c) Rs.900

d) Rs.800

23) A trader allows a trade discount of 20% and a cash discount of $6\frac{1}{4}$ % on the marked price of the goods and gets a net gain of 20% of the cost. By how much above the cost should the goods be marked for the sale?

a) 70%

b) 60%

'rivote Limited c) 40%

24) Marked price of an article is Rs.275. Shopkeepe allows a discount of 5% and he gets a profit of 4.5%. The actual cost of the article is

a) Rs.210

b) Rs.215

c) Rs.250

d) Rs.225

25) After allowing a discount of 16%, there was still a gain of 5%. Then the percentage of marked price over the cost price is

a) 25%

b) 21%

c) 15%

d) 18%

26) A shopkeeper earns a profit of 10% after allowing a discount of 20% on the marked price. The cost price of the article whose marked price is Rs.880, is

a) Rs.680

b) Rs.774

Page | 2



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c) Rs.704

d) Rs.640

27) The marked price of an electric iron is Rs.300. The shopkeeper allows a discount of 12% and still gains 10%. If no discount is allowed, his gain per cent would have been:

a) 30%

b) 27%

c) 20%

d) 25%

28) A tradesman marks his goods at such a price that after allowing a discount of 15%, he makes a profit of 20%. What is the marked price of an article whose cost price is Rs. 170?

a) Rs.200

b) Rs.220

c) Rs.240

d) Rs.260

29) The marked price of a radio is Rs.480. The shopkeeper allows a discount of 10% and gains 8%. If no discount is allowed, his gain percent would be

a) 20%

b) 20.5%

c) 18%

d) 18.5%

30) How much percent above the cost price should a shopkeeper mark his goods so as to earn a profit of 32% u India Private Limited after allowing a discount of 12% on the marked price?

a) 45%

b) 60%

c) 50%

d) 40%

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