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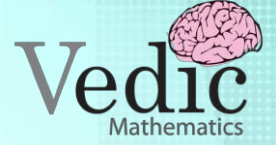
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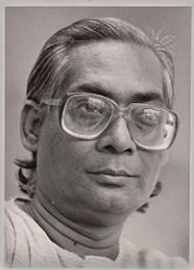
Birth Anniversaries – Indian Personalities

Pramod Karan Sethi (1927 – 2008): (28 November 1927 – 6 January 2008) was an Indian orthopaedic surgeon. With Ram Chandra Sharma, he co-invented the "Jaipur foot", an inexpensive and flexible artificial limb, in 1969. He was awarded the Magsaysay Award for Community Leadership in 1981 and the Padma Shri by the Government of India in 1981.



Sethi was born at Varanasi (then Banaras), where his father Nihal Karan Sethi, himself a renowned scientist, was a physics professor at Banaras Hindu University. Sethi trained as a general surgeon at Agra under G. N. Vyas. In 1958, he specialised in orthopaedics, when the Sawai Man Singh Hospital in Jaipur where he worked needed an orthopaedics department because of a Medical Council of India inspection. He later cited his lack of qualifications in orthopaedics as an advantage in developing the Jaipur foot. Much of his practice was in physiotherapy, including the rehabilitation of amputees. He retired in 1981. He was the founder of MVSS.

Amar Goswami (1945 – 2012): (28 November 1945 – 26 June 2012) was a senior journalist and one of the prominent fiction writers of Hindi literature. His work includes satires, short stories, poems, novels, novelettes and translations from Bengali to Hindi. He was associated with Kathantar, Vikalp, Aagamikal,



Sampa, Manorama, Ganga, Sunday Observer (Hindi), Bharti Features, Uxhur Bharat, Bharatiya Jnanpith, Remadhav Publications. His stories have been aired on All India Radio and short films have been made on his stories. He was born in Multan, British India, into one of

the affluent Bengali Brahmin families. At the age of 2, his family moved from Multan (now in Pakistan) to Mirzapur, Uttar Pradesh. He graduated with an MA (Hindi), Shahitya Shiromani (gold medalist) and Shahitya Ratna from Allahabad University.

Death Anniversaries – Indian Personalities

Jyotirao Govindrao Phule (1827 – 1890): 11 April 1827 – 28 November 1890), also known as Jyotiba Phule



was an Indian social activist, businessman, anti-caste social reformer and writer from Maharashtra. His work extended to many fields, including eradication of untouchability and the caste system and for his efforts in educating women and oppressed caste people. He and his wife, Savitribai Phule, were pioneers of women's education in India. Phule started his first school for girls in 1848 in Pune at Tatyasaheb Bhide's residence on Bhidewada. He, along with his followers, formed the Satyashodhak Samaj (Society of Truth Seekers) to attain equal rights for people from lower castes. People from all religions and castes could become a part of this association which worked for the upliftment of the oppressed classes.

Major Sandeep Unnikrishnan (1977 – 2008): Major Sandeep Unnikrishnan, AC (15 March 1977 – 28



November 2008) was an Indian Army officer, who was serving in the 51 Special Action Group of the National Security Guard on deputation. He was killed in action during the 2008 Mumbai attacks and was posthumously awarded the Ashoka Chakra, India's highest peacetime gallantry award, on 26 January 2009. Maj. Sandeep Unnikrishnan, AC (Page | 1



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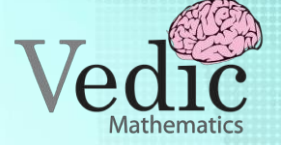
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came from a Malayali Nair family residing in Bangalore, where they had moved from Kozhikode, Kerala. He was the only son of retired ISRO officer K. Unnikrishnan and Dhanalakshmi Unnikrishnan.

Senapati Bapat (Pandurang Mahadev Bapat) (1880 – 1967): (12 November 1880 – 28 November 1967),



popularly known as Senapati Bapat, was a figure in the Indian independence movement. He acquired the title of Senapati, meaning commander, as a consequence of his leadership during the Mulshi Satyagraha. In 1977, the Indian government issued

a postage stamp to commemorate him. He participated in various movements and agitations, such as the Samyukt Maharashtra movement, the Goa Liberation movement, the Hyderabad liberation movement and the Maharashtra-Mysore border agitation. Senapati Bapat was born in a Marathi Chitpawan Brahmin family on 12 November 1880 in Parner. His family was originally from Ratnagiri. He was educated at Deccan College and then travelled to Britain on a government scholarship in order to study engineering.

Historical event for India

1676: French Occupation of Puducherry (Pondicherry): The French took possession of Puducherry (Pondicherry), a coastal region and important port on the Bay of Bengal. This event was a major step in the establishment of French influence in India, which would eventually lead to the creation of the Union Territory of Puducherry.

1956: Visit of Chinese Premier Zhou Enlai: Zhou Enlai, the first Premier of the People's Republic of China, arrived in India. This visit was a significant moment in the early post-independence diplomatic relations

between the two major Asian nations, preceding the eventual Sino-Indian War.

1990: Imposition of President's Rule in Assam: President's Rule (direct rule by the central government) was imposed in the state of Assam. The state assembly was kept in suspended animation, and the militant groups United Liberation Front of Assam (ULFA) and the National Socialist Council of Nagaland (NSCN) were banned.

1996: First Woman Commander of an Airbus A-300 Captain Indrani Singh created history by becoming the first woman in the world to command an Airbus A-300 wide-body aircraft.

1997: Prime Minister I. K. Gujral Resigns: Prime Minister Inder Kumar Gujral resigned from his post leading to the collapse of the seven-month-old United Front government.

Related to the 2008 Mumbai Attacks (26/11)

November 28th marks the end of the siege at two major locations during the 2008 Mumbai terror attacks:

2008: Nariman House and Oberoi-Trident Siege Ends: On this day, the National Security Guard (NSG) commandos successfully concluded their operations at both the Nariman (Chabad) House and the Oberoi-Trident Hotel, neutralizing the terrorists and rescuing numerous hostages. The entire 60-hour ordeal finally ended the following morning at the Taj Mahal Palace Hotel.

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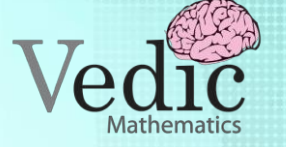
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as *Songs of Innocence and of Experience*, are considered major landmarks in Romantic-era literature and art.

Friedrich Engels (1820 – 1895): A German philosopher, social scientist, and journalist who, with Karl Marx, co-developed the socio-political theory known as Marxism. He co-authored *The Communist Manifesto*.

Berry Gordy Jr. (1929): An American record executive, record producer, and songwriter. He is the founder of the Motown record label, a critical force in introducing African-American musical artists to a wider audience.

Jon Stewart (1962): An American comedian, writer, producer, director, actor, and television host, best known for hosting *The Daily Show*.

International Observances

Red Planet Day: Observed globally, this day commemorates the launch of the Mariner 4 spacecraft by NASA on November 28, 1964. Mariner 4 was the first spacecraft to successfully fly by Mars, providing the first close-up images of the planet's surface. The day encourages learning about Mars and space exploration.

Black Friday : (Global Shopping Phenomenon) While originating in the U.S. as the day after Thanksgiving, Black Friday is now a globally recognized shopping event adopted by retailers in many countries, including Canada, the UK, Australia, and Brazil, marking the unofficial start of the Christmas shopping season.

Birth Anniversaries – International Personalities

William Blake (1757 – 1827): A profoundly influential English poet, painter, and printmaker. His works, such

Death Anniversaries – International Personalities

Washington Irving (1783 – 1859): An American short story writer, essayist, biographer, historian, and diplomat. He is best known for his short stories "Rip Van Winkle" and "The Legend of Sleepy Hollow."

Enrico Fermi (1901 – 1954): An Italian-American physicist who created the world's first nuclear reactor, the Chicago Pile-1. He is widely regarded as the "architect of the nuclear age" and won the Nobel Prize in Physics in 1938.

Enid Blyton (1897 – 1968): An English children's author whose books, including *The Famous Five* and *The Secret Seven*, are among the world's best-selling.

International Historical Events

World War II & Diplomacy





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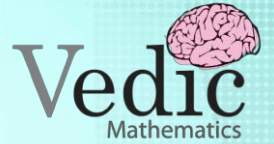
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1943: The Tehran Conference Begins This was the first World War II meeting of the "Big Three" Allied leaders: U.S. President Franklin D. Roosevelt, British Prime Minister Winston Churchill, and Soviet Premier Joseph Stalin. Held in Tehran, Iran, the conference was crucial for coordinating strategy, with Stalin pushing successfully for the opening of a second front in Western Europe, which would eventually materialize as the D-Day invasion of Normandy.

Science & Technology

1964: NASA Launches Mariner 4 NASA successfully launched the Mariner 4 space probe toward Mars. It became the first spacecraft to make a successful flyby of the planet, providing the first close-up images of the Martian surface and marking a monumental achievement in space exploration. This launch is the reason why November 28th is now widely celebrated as Red Planet Day.

1967: First Pulsar Observed Graduate student Jocelyn Bell Burnell and her advisor Antony Hewish at Cambridge University were the first to observe and discover a pulsar—a highly magnetized, rotating neutron star that emits beams of electromagnetic radiation.

Political & National Independence

1912: Albanian Declaration of Independence Albania declared its independence from the Ottoman Empire in Vlorë, concluding the Albanian National Awakening. The day is celebrated annually as Flag Day in the country.

1960: Mauritania Gains Independence The Islamic Republic of Mauritania formally declared its independence from France.

1975: East Timor Declares Independence East Timor (Timor-Leste) declared independence from Portugal after 400 years of colonial rule, though this was immediately followed by an invasion by Indonesia.

1821: Panama Independence from Spain Panama declared itself independent from Spain and joined Gran Colombia.

GB UK Politics & Milestones

1919: Lady Nancy Astor Becomes First Woman MP Lady Nancy Astor became the first woman to take a seat as a Member of Parliament (MP) in the British House of Commons, having won a by-election for Plymouth Sutton.

1990: Margaret Thatcher Resigns British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher resigned as leader of the Conservative Party, and consequently, as Prime Minister, ending her 11-year tenure. She was succeeded by John Major.

1893: Women's Suffrage in New Zealand The first general election was held in New Zealand where women were legally allowed to vote, making it the first self-governing country in the world to grant women's suffrage.

Sports-related Historical Events in India

1999: India Wins Bronze in Asia Cup Hockey The Indian Men's Hockey team secured the bronze medal at the Men's Hockey Asia Cup in Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia, defeating Malaysia in the third-place match. South Korea won the tournament by defeating Pakistan in the final.

1975: Michael Holding's Test Debut West Indies cricket legend, the great fast bowler Michael Holding, made his Test debut against Australia in Brisbane. While an international event, his career has a major connection to India and global cricket history.

Sports-related Historical Events Internationally





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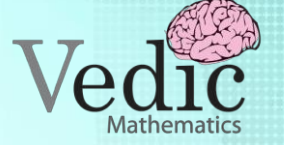
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American Sports Milestones

1992: Reggie Miller's Franchise Record NBA legend Reggie Miller scored a career-high and then-franchise record 57 points for the Indiana Pacers in a game against the Charlotte Hornets.

1997: Michael Jordan Climbs Scoring List Michael Jordan of the Chicago Bulls moved past Elvin Hayes to take 4th place on the NBA's all-time scoring list.

1986: Celtics' Home Winning Streak Record The Boston Celtics set a then-NBA record for the **most consecutive home wins** in a row, reaching 38 games.

1975: Fred Lynn's Rookie MVP Boston Red Sox center fielder Fred Lynn became the first rookie ever to be named the American League MVP.

1961: First African American Heisman Trophy Winner Ernie Davis of Syracuse University became the first African American to win the prestigious Heisman Trophy, awarded to the most outstanding player in NCAA football.

Football (Soccer) History

1862: Notts County F.C. Founded Notts County Football Club was founded in Nottingham, England. It holds the distinction of being the oldest professional association football club in the world, predating the establishment of the Football League itself.

1895: First American Automobile Race While not a traditional ball sport, the first official American automobile race was held on this date, running 54 miles from Chicago to Evanston, Illinois. Frank Duryea won in approximately 10 hours.

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