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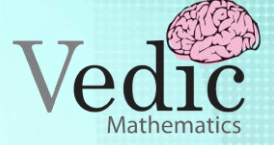
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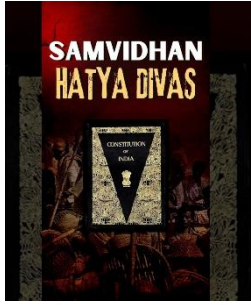


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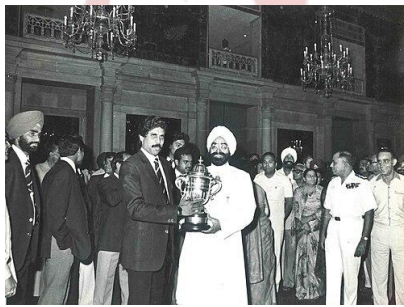


In India, June 25th is notably important for two key historical events

(Constitution Murder Day): Today, June 25, 2025, marks the 50th anniversary of the imposition of the Emergency in India in 1975. This period, from June 25, 1975, to March 21, 1977, saw a suspension of fundamental rights, press censorship, and the arrest of numerous political opponents. The Government of India officially notified June 25th as Samvidhaan Hatya Diwas in 2024 to commemorate this dark chapter in Indian democracy and to honor those who suffered and fought against the abuse of power. It serves as a reminder of the importance of safeguarding democratic values and constitutional rights.



1983 Cricket World Cup Victory: On June 25, 1983, the Indian cricket team, led by Kapil Dev, achieved a historic victory by winning its first-ever Cricket World Cup.



This underdog triumph over the formidable West Indies team at Lord's is a monumental moment in Indian sports history and continues to be celebrated with great pride.

The Emergency (India) : The Emergency in India was a 21-month period from 1975 to 1977 when Prime Minister Indira Gandhi declared a state of emergency

across the country by citing internal and external threats to the country.[1]

Officially issued by President Fakhruddin Ali Ahmed under Article 352 of the Constitution because of a prevailing "Internal Disturbance", the Emergency was in effect from 25 June 1975 and ended on 21 March 1977. The



order bestowed upon the prime minister the authority to rule by decree, allowing elections to be cancelled and civil liberties to be suspended. For much of the Emergency, most of Gandhi's political opponents were imprisoned and the press was censored. More than 100,000 political opponents, journalists and dissenters were imprisoned by the Gandhi regime.[1] During this time, a mass campaign for vasectomy was spearheaded by her son Sanjay Gandhi.

Birth Anniversary

25 June in Indian history is celebrated as the birth anniversary of the following personalities:

Chandrashekhar Pandey (25 June 1903 – 1949), one of the famous litterateurs. He had composed many important works, in which 'Modern Hindi Poetry' and 'Raskhan' are notable poetry. He was born on 25 June 1903 in Banaras, Uttar Pradesh.





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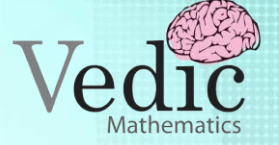
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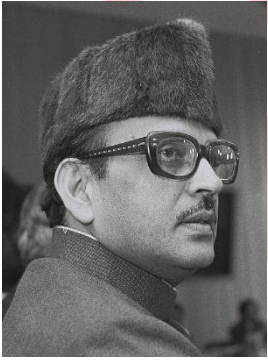
Sucheta Kriplani (25 June 1908, Ambala – 1 December 1974) a famous Indian freedom fighter and politician.



She was the fourth woman Chief Minister of Uttar Pradesh and the first woman of India. The committee that gave shape to the Constitution of India included 15 women. She also played an important role in the formation of Indian society along with the constitution. Sucheta

Kriplani was born on 25 June 1908 in Ambala, Haryana.

Vishwanath Pratap Singh (25 June 1931 – 27 November 2008), an Indian politician who was the 7th Prime Minister of India from 1989 to 1990 and the 41st Raja Bahadur of Manda. He was given various cabinet posts, including Minister of Finance and Minister of Defence during the Rajiv Gandhi ministry. Singh was also the Leader of the Rajya Sabha from 1984 to 1987. He joined the Indian National Congress party in 1969 and was elected as an Uttar Pradesh Legislative Assembly member. He was born on 25 June 1931 in Allahabad, United Provinces, British India (present-day Uttar Pradesh, India).



He was given various cabinet posts, including Minister of Finance and Minister of Defence during the Rajiv Gandhi ministry. Singh was also the Leader of the Rajya Sabha from 1984 to 1987. He joined the Indian National Congress party in 1969 and was elected as an Uttar Pradesh Legislative Assembly member. He was born on 25 June 1931 in Allahabad, United Provinces, British India (present-day Uttar Pradesh, India).

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Karisma Kapoor, an Indian film actress. She was one of the most popular Hindi film actresses of the 1990s and 2000s. Kapoor contributed to several box office hits by her acting including the dramas Jigar (1992) and Anari (1993), the comedies Raja Babu (1994), Coolie No. 1 (1995) and Saajan Chale Sasural (1996), the thriller Jeet (1996), Raja Hindustani (1996), Dil To Pagal Hai (1997). She won the Filmfare Award for Best Actress for Raja



Hindustani, and Dil To Pagal Hai, she won the Filmfare Award and the National Film Award for Best Supporting Actress. Karisma was born on 25 June 1974 in Bombay, Maharashtra, India.

Captain Manoj Kumar Pandey (25 June 1975 – 3 July 1999) an officer of the Indian Army who was posthumously awarded India's highest military honor, the Param Vir Chakra, for his audacious courage and leadership during the Kargil War in 1999. The Kargil war with Pakistan is called special for many reasons. On the one hand, this war was fought on very difficult and high peaks, which were covered with snow and inaccessible, as well as this war was the result of long preparations of Pakistan, whose plan was in its mind for years. One of the difficult fronts of this war was that of Khalubar, which Captain Manoj Kumar Pandey, leading his 1/11 Gorkha Rifles, fought against the enemy, and agreed to win. Even though, he had to sacrifice his life in this endeavor. He was born on 25 June 1975 in Sitapur, Uttar Pradesh, India.



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Death Anniversary

25 June in Indian history is observed as the death anniversary of the following personalities:





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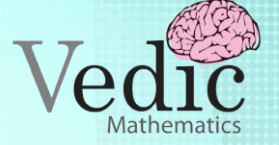
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Nawab Bahadur Yar Jung (3 February 1905 – 25 June 1944), a foremost Muslim leader in the princely state of Hyderabad in British India, and the founder of All India Majlis-e-Ittehadul Muslimeen and the branches of Khaksars in Hyderabad and was known as a powerful religious preacher.



In 1938, he was elected the President of Majlis-e-Ittehadul Muslimeen in 1938. He died on 25 June 1944 in Hyderabad, Hyderabad State, British India.

Swami Sahajanand Saraswati (22 February 1889 – 25 June 1950), an Indian nationalist leader and freedom fighter. Swamiji was the father of the 'peasant movement' in India. He was a Dandi Sanyasi of the 'Dasnami Sanyasi' Akhara of the Adi Shankaracharya sect. He was an intellectual, writer, social reformer, revolutionary, historian and farmer-leader. Saraswati died on 25 June 1950 in Patna.



Michael Jackson (August 29, 1958 – June 25, 2009), an American singer, songwriter, and dancer. His contributions to music, dance, fashion, and philanthropy, along with his publicized personal life, made him a global figure in popular culture. He died on 25 June 2009 in Los Angeles, California, U.S.



International Observances on June 25th include

Day of the Seafarer: Designated by the International Maritime Organization (IMO) to recognize the vital contribution made by seafarers worldwide to international trade and the world economy.

The International Day of the Seafarer is observed annually on June 25th to recognize and appreciate the vital contributions of seafarers to international trade, the global economy, and society as a whole. It's a day to acknowledge the challenges seafarers face, including the risks and personal costs associated with their profession, and to advocate for their well-being and fair treatment.



World Vitiligo Day: An initiative to raise global awareness about vitiligo, a skin condition causing loss of pigment.

The World Vitiligo Day, observed on June 25, is an initiative aimed to build global awareness about vitiligo. Vitiligo occurs in 1–2% of the population worldwide; a change of color in the skin creating a variety of patterns on the skin from the loss of pigment. Vitiligo is often called a disease instead of a disorder and that can have a significant negative social and/or psychological impact on patients, in part because of numerous misconceptions still present in large parts of the world.

World Vitiligo Day!





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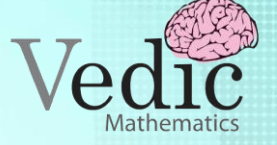
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Global Beatles Day: Celebrated by fans worldwide to honor the iconic British band, The Beatles, and their lasting influence on music and culture.

Global Beatles Day (also known as World Beatles Day) is an annual holiday held on 25 June each year to



commemorate the legacy and cultural impact of the English rock band the Beatles. The date, 25 June, was chosen to commemorate the date that the Beatles participated in the BBC

show Our World in 1967, performing "All You Need Is Love" broadcast to an international audience. The holiday was created and first celebrated in 2009 by Faith Cohen, who called it "a thank you or love letter" to the band.

Independence Days

Mozambique celebrates its independence from Portugal (1975) : Nonetheless, Mozambique succeeded in achieving independence on 25 June 1975, after a civil resistance movement known as the Carnation Revolution backed by portions of the military in Portugal overthrew the Salazar regime, thus ending 470 years of Portuguese colonial rule in the East African region.

Slovenia celebrates its statehood : Statehood Day is a holiday that occurs on every 25 June in Slovenia to commemorate the country's declaration of independence from Yugoslavia in 1991.

